THE Bombay Gazette AND INDIAN DAILY NEWS.

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Steamer for Point de Galle, Singapore and Hongkong.

THE China Merchant Steam Navigation Company's Steam-Ship JOHN BRIGHT, Captain E. BETHAM, will be despatched for the above Ports on SUNDAY the 5th instant at 8 A.M.

The above steamer will carry from Galle to Singapore and Hongkong the cargo of the steamer which left this on the 14th ultimo and was disabled near Colombo.

BYRAMJEE CURSETJEE, Manager.
China Merchant Steam Navigation Company's office, Bombay, 1st April 1863.

FOR KURRACHEE.

THE S. S. "PIONEER," R. TAUFFER, Commander, will be dispatched as above, on THURSDAY the 9th April, at 10 A.M. For Freight and Passage, apply to RITCHIE, STEUART & Co.

FOR SURAT.

THE new and fast-sailing Screw Steamer TAPTEE, THOMAS ELLIS, Commander, recently arrived from England, has very superior accommodation for first-class Passengers, and will be despatched for the above Port, on THURSDAY the 9th Instant.

For Freight of Goods, Specie, and Passengers, apply to the Manager, opposite to Kavakhana's Lane, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

FOR SURAT.

THE well-known and fast sailing Steamer SIR J. R. CARNAC, P. VANWELLEN, Captain, will leave for the above Port, on WEDNESDAY, the 8th instant.

It is requested that Passengers will not go on board without shipping order from the Office.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Office, Bazar Gate Street, Fort.

FOR SURAT.

THE new and well-known Steamer MOUNTSTUART ELPHINSTONE, L. D. LOWE, Commander, will be despatched for the above Port, on TUESDAY, the 7th instant, at 11 A.M.

For Freight or Passage, apply at the Steamer's Office, next to Bazar Gate.

Bombay, 4th April 1863.

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TO LET.—A new, commodious and airy House in Hornby Row, on the site of the late General Hospital, suitable for a large office or family residence. Apply to JEWAJEE MANEKJEE on the premises.

Bombay, 28th December 1862.

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23rd March 1863.

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BENEFIT OF L. F. PALIN,
OF THE SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS.

THURSDAY EVENING, APRIL 9th, 1863.

HERR PALIN in appealing to the Public for support upon this occasion begs respectfully to state that a choice and carefully selected Programme will be presented, including many Novelties (and several old favourites, which he feels assured will delight and entertain all who may honour him with their patronage.

FIRST APPEARANCE OF MISS LUCY LONG,
Who will appear in Characteristic Costume and execute a

GRAND FANCY DANCE.

Also for this night only and by particular desire, will be repeated

We're a Band of Brothers—Hurrah!
Hurrah! Hurrah.

First Night of the GRAND AFRICAN JUBILEE, entitled —OLD BOB RIDLEY, by Dave Carson. And the whole strength of the Company, who will appear introducing a GRAND DANCING NEGRO FESTIVAL to the popular tune of Dixey's Land, Portraying faithfully the sports and pastime of the Coloured-race in the Southern States of America. HERR PALIN will perform a Grand Fantasia Brilliante on airs from Bonnambela, arranged for the Flute and Piano.

PROGRAMME.—PART 1ST.

Operatic Selection ..... S. F. Minstrels.
Opening Chorus, joy, joy to day ..... Minstrels.
Poor Dog Tray ..... H. C. Campbell.
Katty Dean ..... Dave Carson.
Old Folks at home ..... J. O. Brower.
I'll throw myself away ..... Dave Carson.
Massa's in the Cold Cold Ground ..... J. O. Pierce.
Hum Jata Charlestown ..... Dave Carson.

Intermission of 10 minutes.

PART 2ND.

Thy Voice is near, *Ballad* ..... H. C. Campbell.
Lecture on Woman's Rights ..... Dave Carson.
Grand Fantasia for Flute and piano (from Sonnambula) ..... L. F. Palin.
Song, original. Written and sung by ..... J. O. Pierce.
Lucy Long in Character (Dance and Chorus) Miss Primrose and Minstrels.
Solo Rock Harmonicon ..... J. O. Pierce.
WE'RE A BAND OF BROTHERS ..... Messrs. Palin, Pierce, Carson, Campbell and Brower.

The Evening's Entertainment to conclude with the GRAND NEGRO FESTIVAL of

Old Rob Ridley and his Merry Family.

Characters by all the Members of the Company.

MONDAY EVENING, April 13th, Benefit of J. O Pierce and last appearance of the MINSTRELS.

Mr. L. F. PALIN will preside at the Piano.

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NOTICE.—The Seats in the Dress Circle are all numbered, and Tickets corresponding with the number on the Seats, are issued at the Office of the *Times of India*, only. On the day of performance after 5 o'clock, Tickets can be purchased at the Doors. Doors open at half-past 7, performance to commence at half-past 8.

Wanted.

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Two Assistant Marathi and Gujrati Translators and Interpreters, on salaries of Rs. 80 and 100, respectively, per mensem.

An examination for the abovementioned appointments will be held on the 7th of April next, when the Candidates will be selected according to merit.

Certificates of character and qualifications must be deposited with the undersigned on or before the 1st April.

J. FLYNN,
Chief Translator and Interpreter, High Court.
High Court House, Fort Translator's Office,
28th February 1863.

Notices.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo per Ship *Wellington*, Captain DITCHBURN, from London, are requested to send off Boats for the same as it comes to hand, failing which the Goods will be landed by Captain Ditchburn at their expense and risk, and the Captain will not be responsible for the condition of any Package after it has left the Ship's deck.

FORBES & Co.,
Agents for Ship *Wellington*.

Bombay, 31st March 1863.

NOTICE.—Consignees of Cargo per ship *Castilian*, from London, are requested to send off boats on Saturday morning next to receive their Goods as they come to hand, otherwise, they will be landed at their expense and risk.

Captain CHARLES WELBURN will not be responsible for the condition or contents of any packages after they have left the Ship's deck.

COUPLAND & Co.,
Agents for the *Castilian*.

Bombay, 2nd April 1863.

NOTICE.—The interest and responsibility of Mr. CHARLES STEVENS BUDGETT, ceased in our firm on 19th March 1863.

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WE have, on the 1st February, established a branch of our Firm at Havre, under the style of S. TYABJEE & Co.

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FOURTH CALL OF THE THIRD ISSUE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Shareholders of this Company are required to pay a Fourth Call of Rs. 1 000 per Share on the Third Issue, to the Oriental Bank of India, within 21 days from the date hereof, where the usual receipts will be granted for the same.

The Shareholders have the option of paying up at once the remaining Fifth Call upon this Issue, when they will obtain the usual share certificate.

Bombay, 17th March 1863. By order.

NOTICE.—The undermentioned Establishments will be closed on GOOD FRIDAY, SATURDAY, MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 3rd 4th, 6th, and 7th proximo, on account of the Easter Holidays.

For the Oriental Bank Corporation,
R. MACNEIL, Agent, Bombay.
For the Agra, and United Service Bank, Limited,
H. B. MACCULLOCH, Manager, Bombay.
For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China,
R. D. PEEBLES, Act. Agent, Bombay.
For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China,
J. MORRISON, Agent, Bombay.
For the Central Bank of Western India,
EDWIN HEYCOCK, Manager, Bombay.
Agency of the Comptoir D'Escompte de Paris,
F. B. DAWSON, Acting Manager.
For the Bank of Hindustan, China and Japan Limited,
R. E. W. BAKER, Manager.

Bombay, 26th March 1863.

PURSUANT to a DECREE of the High Court of Chancery, made in the Matter of JOSEPH HARRIS, late of the Oriental Club, Hanover Square, in the County of Middlesex, and of No. 14, Carlton Road, Maida Vale in the same County, a Lieutenant General in Her Majesty's Indian Army, deceased, and a Cause Collum *v.* Viveash.

The Creditors of the said JOSEPH HARRIS who died in or about the month of July, 1861, are by their Solicitors on or before the 27th day of May, 1863, to come in and prove their claims at the Chambers of the Master of the Rolls in the Rolls Yard, Chancery Lane, Middlesex, England, or in default thereof, they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said Decree.

Tuesday, the 2nd day of June, 1863, at 12 o'clock at noon, at the said Chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the claims.

Dated this 23rd day of December 1862.

THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Call of Rs. 21-13-1 or £2 per Share on the Shares now Rs. 43-12-0 or £4 paid, making Rupees 67-7-3 or £6 per Share called up.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that in pursuance of a Resolution of the Board of Directors, the Shareholders of this Company in India holding Shares upon which Rupees 43-12-0 or £4 per share have been already called, are required to pay a further instalment of Rupees 21-13-1 or £2 per share upon each such share (making Rupees 65-7-3 or £6 per share paid) on or before the 3rd April next at the Bank of Bombay, and if such call be not paid on or before the said 13th April, the Holders of the Shares will not be entitled to receive interest upon any portion of their Shares so long as such call shall remain unpaid, but will, nevertheless, be chargeable with interest upon the arrears, at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and the Shares will become liable to forfeiture under the "Companies Clauses Consolidation Act 1845."

A Circular letter for the payment of the Call will be forwarded to each Shareholder.

W. R. HOARE,
Secretary.

Secretary's Office, Byculla, 20th March 1863.

BOMBAY MEDICINE SOCIETY.—The affairs of this Society having been wound up (for the reasons which were explained in printed Circulars which may be had on application to the undersigned) the amounts due to the respective Shareholders will be paid by the undersigned, at the Bombay Bank, Nicol & Co., on and after the 1st proximo, between the hours of 11 and 3.

J. W. WRIGHT, Treasurer.

28th March 1863.

TO CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS.
CONSTRUCTION OF EXTENSIVE WORKS IN NORTH CANARA.

HARBOUR WORKS, PUBLIC BUILDINGS, ROADS, &c.

NOTICE.—The undersigned is not prepared with detailed Plans and Estimates, but is ready to close with any Contractor, for a limited period, on a reasonable Schedule of Rates for Public Works of all descriptions being submitted.

2. Contractors and others are invited to visit Sudasheghur or send their Agents to draw up Schedule of Rates.

3. *Terms.*—No advances to be made, Work to be paid for monthly, as actually measured and performed to the satisfaction of the undersigned.

4. The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Schedule.

G. A. SEARLE, Captain,
Special Assistant Engineer,
For Acting Executive Engineer, North Canara.
Sudasheghur, 2nd March 1863.

ALBERT, MEDICAL, and FAMILY ENDOWMENT LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY.—EXTENSION OF DAYS OF GRACE.—From henceforth *thirty days of Grace* will be allowed for payment of Yearly and Half-yearly Premiums, and fifteen days for Quarterly and Monthly payments.

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EWART, LATHAM & Co., Agents.
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Bomay, 1st January 1863.

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(From the Overland China Mail, March 14.)

QUOTATIONS.

Hongkong, 14th March, 1863.

New Patna.—670$—fair Chinese enquiry.
Old Patna.—710$ to 715$—less stock.
New Benares.—650$ little doing.
Old Benares.—680$—less stock.
Malwa.—730$ to 735$.
Turkey.—500$ to 600$—nominal.
Cotton, Bombay.—23$ to 24$ 50—nominal.
Cotton, Calcutta.—22$ to 23$—nominal.
Cotton, Madras.—22$ to 23$—nominal.
Cotton, Shanghae.—20$ to 22$50.
Cotton, Ningpo.—22$ to 22$25.
Rice.—Bengal, 2$75 to 2$90; others, 2$35 to 2$55.
Camphor.—26$—no stock.
Copper Cash.—15$40 to 15$50.
Saltpetre.—13$ to 14$.
Gold Leaf.—100 touch, 22$80.
Gold Bars.—98 touch, 22$40.
Sycee.—4 per cent premium.
Bar Silver.—5 per cent premium.

EXCHANGE AND BULLION.

(Bank Rates.)

On London, 6 months' sight, 4s. 8¾d. to 4s. 8¾d.
Private Bills, 4s. 9d.
Bills with Documents, 4s. 9½d.
On Bombay, 3 days' sight Rs. 227.
On Calcutta, 3 days' sight, Rs. 228.
10 to 15 days' sight, Rs. 229.
Sycee, of 100 touch, 4 per cent premium.
Gold Leaf, 100 touch, 22$75 per tael.

(From Sharpe & Co.'s Circular.)

On London, 6 months' sight, 4s. 9d.
On Calcutta, 3 days' sight, Rs. 228.
On " London, 26 Jan. 60 days' sight, Rs. 230.
On " " demand, Rs. 228.
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English Bar Silver, 17 dwts. B., none.
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Mexicans, whole invoices, 6 per cent. premium.
" selected coin, 7 per cent. premium.
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EXCHANGE.

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Sight ..... at 1s. 11¾d. "

DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum, on the daily balance, and, and on Fixed Deposits, as follows:—

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Do.	6	do.	5 "
Do.	12	do.	6 "

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 nor on Deposits above Rs. 50,000, unless by special arrangement.

REMITTANCE.

The Bank's Agency undertakes to realise Drafts or Hoondies on the Presidency without charge, for remittance to Europe in the Bank's Bills on the City Bank, London.

All Drafts, or Hoondies, forwarded for realisation, to be made payable to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, or order.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock and other Securities ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills.

On Interest or Dividends, or proceeds of Securities by sale ¼ per cent. if the amounts be paid in India, if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On delivering up of Securities, deposited for safe ustody, ¼ per cent.

Office hours 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

The Directors have recently opened an Agency of the Bank of Rangoon for the transaction of general Banking and Exchange Business.

ANTHONY MORRISON,
March 23rd 1863. Agent.

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The Bombay Branch has been opened for business in the premises lately occupied by the Bank of Bombay.

The Manager grants drafts at the following rates of Exchange:—

On London or Liverpool at 6 months' sight 2s. 0¼d. per Rp
" " " " 4 do. 2s. 0¼d. do.
" " " " 3 do. 2s. 0d. do.
" " " " 2 do. 1s. 11½d. do.
" " " " 1 do. 1s. 11½d. do.
On Scotland } On demand ...1s. 11¾d. do.
On Ireland }

Drafts on *Scotland* and *Ireland* are issued payable *on demand* only.

Approved disappointment to persons at a distance who may purchase the Bank's Bills on Europe, the Manager will, whenever so desired, forward the first of exchange direct on being furnished with the address of the person to whom the Bill is to be sent. *In all instances where a Bill is required in favor of a lady, her Christian name must be given in full.*

The Bank is prepared to negociate drafts payable in London or Liverpool, and will also purchase or grant Bills payable in Calcutta.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on balance exceeding Rs. 500 and not more than 50,000, and 1 per cent. per annum on balances exceeding Rs. 300 and not more than Rs. 500.

Interest is not allowed on balances of more than Rs. 50,000 except by special arrangement.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Subject to 12 months' notice of withdrawal 6 per cent per annm.
do. 9 do. do. 5½ do. do.
do. 6 do. do. 5 do. do.
do. 4 do. do. 4½ do. do.
do. 3 do. do. 4 do. do.
do. 2 do. do. 3½ do. do.
do. 1 do. do. 3 do. do.

Notice of withdrawal may be given either when the money is deposited or at any future time, if the deposit be taken in the Bank's draft on Europe, the notice of withdrawal will *generally* be dispensed with.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off or of modifying the terms of Fixed Deposits, on giving one month's notice.

Deposits of Rs. 100 and not exceeding Rs. 50,000 are received by the Bank subject to 15 days' notice of withdrawal on either side, and interest allowed thereon at 2 per cent below the Bank of Bombay minimum rate of discount, rising or falling therewith, but in no case will a higher rate than 5 per cent. be allowed on Deposits of this class.

Government Paper and other Securities received for safe custody, and the interest remitted by the Bank's draft free of charge.

The Bank will procure enfacement of Government Paper on account of Coastituents, and forward the same to the Head Office without charge.

It is particularly requested that all orders or Hoondees may be made payable to, and all communications addressed "*The Manager, Bank of Hindustan, (Limited,) Bombay.*"

E. W. BAKER, Manager.
Rampart Row, 25th March 1863.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Incorporated by National Decrees of 7th and 8th March 1848, *and by Imperial Decree of 20th July* 1854.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—Francs 40,000,000 (£1,600,000.)
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London Bankers.
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THIS Agency grants Drafts and Letters of Credit, and purchases or collects Bills on the above-mentioned places; as also on the principal Towns of Continental Europe, on Madras, Pondicherry, Kurrachee, Ceylon, Mauritius, Singapore, Hongkong, Sydney and Melbourne.

EXCHANGE.

Drafts granted as follows:—
On London 6 months' sight .....2s. 0¼d. per Rp.
" 3 Do. Do. .....2s. 0d. "
" On Demand .....1s. 11¾d. "
On France 6 months' sight.....frs. 2-56 cts.
" 3 Do. Do. ..... " 2-53 "
" On Demand ..... " 2-59 "

DEPOSITS.

Interest at 2 per cent. per annum allowed on Current Deposits when not less than Rs. 1000, nor exceeding Rs. 50,000, for fixed periods as may be specially arranged.

DISCOUNTS, LOANS, &c.

The Agency discounts approved Local Bills, grants Loans on Government Paper, Bullion, Bank Stock, and approved Shares and other Securities.

Any further information as to rates of business, &c. may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the undersigned, to whom all remittances should be made payable.

T. R. R. DAVISON, Acting Manager.
Bombay, 25th March 1863.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.

EXCHANGE.

THE Bank grants Drafts on London, and on Scotland and Ireland, also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, and the principal Towns of Europe, at the following current rates of Exchange:—

On London, at 6 months' sight ..... 2s. per Rupee.
" 4 do. ..... 1s. 11½d. "
" 3 do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. "
" 2 do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. "
" 1 do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. "
" On demand ..... 1s. 11¾d. "
On Scotland do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. "
On Ireland do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. "
Circular Notes for the use of Travellers on the Continent and in Europe, Overland at 1 day's sight ..... 1s. 11d. "

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand.

The Bank also purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Canton, Shanghai, Singapore, Penang, and Mauritius.

Bills collected at any of the above places at an uniform charge including postage, of one per cent.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

On Current Accounts ..... 2 per cent.
Deposits for 3 months ..... 3 "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 4 "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 6 "

No interest allowed on Current Account Balances under Rs. 1,000 on or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement No cheques paid or cash received under Rs. 20.

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies, without charge, and realizes Interest and Dividends thereon on the following terms:—

If to be remitted in the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper, or Share Certificates out of safe custody, or when sold on paying the proceeds of such sale in India, a commission, will be charged of ¼ per cent. But if proceeds are remitted on the Bank's Drafts, without charge.

Commission charged on purchase and sale of Government Securities and Shares ¼ per cent.

R. D. PEEBLES,
Bombay, 1st April 1863. Acting Agent.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

BOMBAY AGENCY.

EXCHANGE.

THE CORPORATION grant Drafts on London on demand, and at from one day to six months' sight, and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland on demand; also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, New-York, the West Indies, Australia, New Zealand, and the Cape of Good Hope.

The Current rates of Exchange are:—
On London at 6 months' sight ..... 2s. 0d. per Rupee.
" 4 do. ..... 1s. 11½d. do.
" 3 do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.
" 2 do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.
" 1 do. ..... 1s. 11¾d. do.
" on demand ..... } 1s. 11¾d. do.
On Scotland do. .....
On Ireland do. .....
On Paris, at 3 days' sight ..... 1s. 11d. do.
Circular Notes payable throughout Europe. 1s. 11d. do.

No Drafts at six months' sight are granted for sums under £50. Sums under £20 are only drawn for on demand.

Drafts are also granted on Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

The Corporation purchase or collect Bills payable in Europe or in Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne, and Sydney.

DEPOSITS.

The Corporation receive Deposits on the following terms:—
Repayable on demand, in sums of Rs. 100 and upwards ..... 2 per ct. per annum.
Do. in one sum, at 3 months' notice ..... 3 "
Do. do. 6 do. ..... 4 "
Do. do. 12 do. ..... 5 "

No interest allowed on Deposits under Rs. 1,000, nor on deposits over Rs. 50,000, *unless by special arrangement.*

REMITTANCE.

The Corporation undertakes to remit money to Europe by each Overland Mail free of charge.

Parties are requested to make all Orders or Hoondies payable to "*The Oriental Bank Corporation or Order,*" and to state distinctly the name and address of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made. (*if to a Lady, her Christian name or names in full,*) and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

COMMISSION.

The rate of Commission charged by this Agency on the purchase or sale of Government Securities negotiable in Bombay, is ¼ per cent. on the amount invested or realized, and on the collection of Bills, one per cent. and Postage.

The Corporation take charge of Government Paper, Shares in the Bank of Bombay, and other local Stocks, free of all charges, and will draw Interests and Dividends on the same as they fall due, on the following terms:—

If to be remitted through the Corporation .....Without charge.
If to be paid in India, a Commission will be charged of ..... ¼ per cent.
On returning Government Paper out of safe custody ..... ¼ per cent.
Hours of business..... 10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturday ..... 10 to 1 do.

KURRACHEE SUB-AGENCY.

Messrs. Finlay and Co. will grant Drafts on the Corporation and negotiate Bills payable in London and Bombay.

Bombay, 2nd April 1863.

CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and, not exceeding Rs. 50,000, repayable on demand, at 2 per cent per annum.

On Deposits for 3 months certain 3 per cent per annum.
Do. " 6 " " 5 " "
Do. " 12 " " 6 " "

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London, at 6 months sight 2s. 0¼d. per Rupee.
Ditto at 4 ditto 2s. 0¼d. do.
Ditto at 3 ditto 2s. 0d. do.
Ditto at 2 ditto 1s. 11½d. do.
Ditto at 1 ditto 1s. 11½d. do.
Ditto on demand ditto 1s. 11¾d. do.

Drafts at 6 months' sight are not granted for less than £50 and amounts under £20 are only drawn for payable on demand

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government and other Securities 5 per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by Sale, ¼ per cent. commission charged, if the amounts be paid in India, if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent. Commission

Hours of business .....10 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays .....10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

EDWIN HEYCOCK,
Bombay, 2nd April 1863. Manager.

THE AGRA AND UNITED SERVICE BANK, (LIMITED.)

ESTABLISHED IN INDIA, 1833.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.

HEAD OFFICE.....LONDON.
BRANCHES AT CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS, AGRA, LAHORE, KURRACHEE, UMRITSUR, SHANGHAI, HONG-KONG, EDINBURGH, and SYDNEY.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, £2,000,000 (TWO MILLIONS STERLING.)
PAID-UP CAPITAL, £1,000,000 (ONE MILLION STERLING.)
RESERVED FUND, £200,000 (TWENTY LAKS OF RUPEES.)

THE BOMBAY MANAGER of the AGRA AND U. S. BANK, (LIMITED,) is authorised to draw on the undermentioned Establishments:—

THE LONDON and WESTMINSTER BANK.
THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND (and Branches).
THE NATIONAL BANK OF IRELAND (and Branches).

The Bank grants Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt and the Continent of Europe. The following are the current rates of Exchange:—

On London at 6 months' sight..... 2s. 0¼d.
" 4 months' sight..... 2s. 0¼d.
" 3 months' sight..... 2s. 0d.
" 2 months' sight..... 1s. 11½d.
" 1 month's sight..... 1s. 11½d.
" On demand..... 1s. 11¾d.
On Scotland } On Ireland } ..... 1s. 11¾d.
Circular Notes ..... 1s. 11½d.

The London General Manager will generally, if desired, be prepared to discount the Bank's Bills at the current rate of the day.

The Bank purchases Bills and grants Drafts payable at Calcutta, Agra, Madras, Lahore, Kurrachee, Umritsur, Hongkong, Shanghai, and Sydney.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

1. On Floating, or Current Deposits, payable on demand of not less than Rs. 1,000 or more than Rs. 50,000, 2 per cent. per annum.

2. On fixed Deposits at 3 months' notice, 3 per cent. per annum.

3. On Fixed Deposits at 6 months' notice, 4 per cent. per annum.

4. On Fixed Deposits at 12 months' notice, 5 per cent. per annum.

Fixed Deposits may generally be availed of for the Bank's Bills on London without notice.

Notice of withdrawal can be given at the time of depositing the money, or at any time thereafter.

Interest is credited to Deposit accounts half-yearly.

No Interest allowed on Current Account Balances over Rs. 1,000 or over Rs. 50,000, unless by special agreement.

The Funds of all public bodies connected with the Services and of such other Societies as the Directors may consider eligible for the same privilege, will be received by the Bank at its highest rate of interest for the time being subject to modified conditions.

The Bank reserves to itself the right of paying off all interest Deposits, and of modifying the terms thereof, on giving one month's notice.

Parties making remittances to the Banks should specify distinctly the Account or Accounts to which the same are to be credited. *Accuracy in this respect is particularly desirable.*

COMMISSION.

The Bank takes charge of Government Securities, Shares in Banks and other Companies without charge, and realizes the Interest and Dividends, for which a charge will be made of ¼ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or other Securities out of safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On the purchase or sale of Government Securities and Bank or other Stock, ¼ per cent.

To obviate disappointment to parties at a distance purchasing the Bank's Bills on England, which might reach them too late for despatch by first Mail, it is hereby notified that the Bank will, whenever so requested, transmit the first of Exchange direct, on being furnished with the correct address of the party at Home to whom the remittance is to be sent.

All Orders or Hoondies should be made payable to the Manager of the Agra & U. S. Bank, (Limited), or order, and the letters enclosing them should state distinctly the name of the person to whom the Remittance is to be made (*if to a Lady her Christian name or names in full,*) and the sight at which the Bills are to be drawn.

Notice is hereby given that will obtain registry of Promissory Notes of thes everal Loans of the Indian Government, and Enfacement for payment of the Interest in London.

Drafts for interest on such Government Promissory Notes, on the Treasuries of Calcutta and Madras, will be received for encashment at current rates of Exchange, or for realization in India, at the Head Office of the Bank in London, where constituents can also deposit their securities for safe custody.

Parties are requested to address "*The Manager of the Agra and United Service Bank, (Limited), Bombay*" and to make all orders or Hoondies payable to him.

A Branch of the Bank has been lately established at Sydney, New South Wales, (Mr. Alexander Campbell, Manager) for the transaction of business in all its Branches.

H. B. MACCULLOCH, Manager.
Bombay, 23rd March 1863.

COMMERCIAL BANK OF INDIA.

HEAD OFFICE, BOMBAY.

INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Accounts above Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding 50,000, repayable on demand ..... 2 per ct. per ann.
Fixed Deposits for 6 months ..... 5 do. do.
Ditto Do. 12 do. ..... 6 do. do.
Cheques paid, or Cash received, under Rs. 20.

CASH CREDITS.

On Government Securities ..... 9 per cent.
On other Securities ..... 10 do.

EXCHANGE.

Bills on London at 6 months' sight.....2s. 0¼d. per Rupee
Ditto 4 ditto. ..... 2s. 0¼d. do.
Ditto 3 ditto. .....2s. do.
Ditto 2 ditto. .....1s. 11½d. do.
Ditto 1 ditto. .....1s. 11½d. do.
On demand .....1s. 11¾d. do.

COMMISSION.

On the sale or purchase of Government Paper, Bank Stock, and other Securities, ¼ per cent. on the amount realised or invested.

The Bank receives Government and other Securities for safe custody, free of charge, the Interest or Dividends thereon being credited to account, or remitted home in the Bank's Bills, also without charge.

On Interest, or Dividends, or on proceeds of Securities by sale ¼ per cent. commiss on charged, if the amounts be paid in India; if remitted home by the Bank, no commission charged.

On returning Securities out of safe custody, ¼ per cent commission.

Hours of business .....10 to 4 o'clock.
Saturdays .....10 to 1 do.

ROBERT ANGUS, Manager.
Bombay, 21st January 1863.

Shipping.

BOMBAY.

ARRIVALS.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	FROM
April 3	Elphinstone (s)	Lowe	Surat 2 April.
4	Pauling	Harrison	Singapore 8 Feb.
	Crescent	English	Liverpool 29 Nov.
	Emeu (s)	Reynoldson	Hongkong 15 Mar.
	Governor Higginson (s)	Calder	Colombo
	Gallant Neill	Begys	Madras 27 Feb.
	Royal Victoria	Nacoda	Colombo 4 March.
5	Taptee (s)	Ellis	Porebunder 3 Apr.

DEPARTURES.

DATE.	SHIPS.	COMMANDERS.	TO
April 3	Gladiator	Young	Cochin.
	Harkaway	Johnson	London via Coast.
	Queen of the Seas	Peters	Liverpool.
	Trio	Gorch	Cochin.
	Witch of the Wave	Bramhall	St. Thomas.
4	Dadley	Nacoda	Joodah, Hudooda.
	Manchester (s)	McDonald	Surat.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Steamer *M. S. Elphinstone*, from Surat.—One hundred and fourteen natives.

Per P. & O. Co.'s Steamer *Emeu*, from Hongkong.—Captain Wortham; Mr. Overbeck; Mr. Harstorm; Mr. Higson; Mr. Wiggins; Mr. Giles; Mr. Agnew; Mr. Topcis; Captain and Mrs. Carpenell; Mr. Erskine; Mr. Linth; and Mr. Genchet.

Per Steamer *Governor Higginson*, from Colombo.—Mr. Scott; Mr. Clements; Mr. Thompson; Captain and Mrs. Swanson; Captain Robinson; Mr. Maxwell; Mr. Wallis; Mr. Esperance; Mr. and two Misses Santos; Mr. and Mrs. Toulet; Mr. Bolt; Mr. D. Dulpatram; Mr. Regnard; Captain Maillang; Assistant Surgeon W. Creigh; Assistant Apothecary Chalk; and one hundred and one men, women and children of H. M.'s various Regiments.

Per Barque *Royal Victoria*, from Colombo.—Mr. V. Pillart; and four natives.

Per Steamer *Taptee*, from Porebunder.—Mr. Bomonjee Jamsetjee.

PASSENGERS SAILED.

Per Brig *Dadley*, to Joods, &c.—Thirty Adults.

Per steamer *Manchester*, to Surat.—One hundred and eighty-seven natives.

IMPORT MANIFESTS.

From Glasgow.

Duke of Wellington.—120 barrels Green Copperas, 97 casks Paints, 2,250 plates Spelter, 1 box Samples of Glasses, 2,002 packages Beer, 100 cases Wine, 70 casks Alum, 69 hhds. Earthenware, and some packages of Merchandise.

From Calcutta.

Futtay Shawallum.—454 bundles Twine, 1,077 bales Gunnie Bags, 588 bales Cot on, 4,109 bags Rice, 4,947 bags Sugar, 4 cases Piece Goods, 454 bundles Twine.

Sultamanshaw.—5,910 bags Rice, 168 bundles Twine, 3 boxes Tobacco, 775 bales Gunnies, 2 boxes Sugar Loaf, 1 box Sweetmeats, 1 box Piece Goods.

From London.

Castillion.—207 packages Wine, 1 case Millinery, 17 Black Marbles, 50 cases Copper, 350 barrels Alum, 2,124 packages Steel, 120 boxes Gunpowder, 75 cases Genova, 19,588 packages Iron, 1,850 packages Beer, 10 cases Champagne, 18 cases Sherry, 1 case Walling sticks, 4 cases Piece Goods, and some packages of Merchandise.

Wellington.—65 bales Twists, 460 bundles Steel, 175 casks Ale, 5 casks Cochineals, 18,348 packages Iron, 74 casks Port, 25 casks Gunpowder, 34 cases Brass Sheets, 100 cases Geneva, 40 kegs Shorts, 2 cases Piece Goods, 50 casks Sulphur, 20 cases Copper, and some packages of Merchandise.

DAILY EXPORTS.

BOMBAY, SATURDAY, 4TH APRIL 1863.

For London.

Pride of the Ocean.—24 cases Chundroose, 46¼ cwt., Do lubdass Furbhoodass and Co.

Hornet.—301 pieces E. Teeth, 24 cwt. 1 qr. 16 lbs., Nenny Thackersy.

For Liverpool.

Victoria.—50 bales Wool, 150 cwt., Nursy Gopaljee.

Wasp.—70 bales Wool, 210 cwt., Aspall Mooljee; 60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Hurgovundass Pranjeevun.

Beloochee.—60 bales Cotton, 210 cwt., Hurgovundass Pranjeevun.

Adeiatic.—160 bales Cotton, 560 cwt., Vurudhmon Poonsy.

For Havre.

Haddington.—150 bales Cotton, 525 cwt., Hajeebhoy Dawood and Co.

For Saint Thomas.

Bosphorus.—200 bales Cotton, 700 cwt., Cursetjee Furdoonjee and Co.

For Hongkong.

Steamer *John Bright.*—6 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, Cassumbhoy Nathabhoy Sons and Co.; 20 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, P. and D. Framjee Cama & Co.

Steamer *Ottawa.*—78 chests M. Opium, 140 lbs. each, David Sassoon and Co.

STATIONS OF H.M.'s INDIAN NAVY.

1450 Ajdaha, 20 (flag-ship), Robinson ... Bombay.
*946 Auckland, (paddle)..... ... ... Bombay.
Augusta, 6 (schooner) ... ... Bombay.
664 Berenice, 2 (paddle), Carew ... ... Bombay.
*429 Clive, 14 (sloop), ...
399 Clyde, 3 (screw gun-boat), Sedley... Persian Gulf.
204 Comet, 2 (p gun-boat), Selby... ... River Euphrates.
182 Constance, 3 (schooner), Troilope ... Aden.
1026 Coromandel, 4 (screw), Etheridge ... Bombay.
*1022 Dalhousie, (screw), ... Bombay.
*387 Elphinstone, 12 (sloop),... ... ... Bombay.
*225 Euphrates, ... Bombay.
*495 Falkland, 12 (corvette),... ... ... Bombay.
*1459 Feroze, 13 (paddle), ... Calcutta.
90 Georgiana, 2 (tender) ... ... Persian Gulf.
215 Goolsaur, (paddle yacht), Syrang... Bombay.
309 Hugh Rose, (gun-boat) Hewett ... Kurrachee.
200 Lady Falkland, (paddle), ... Bombay.
157 Mahi, 3 (schooner), Carpendale ... Aden.
*167 Marie, (schooner) ... ... Bombay.
49 Nerbudda, (schooner), ... Kurrachee.
*440 Pluto, (screw), Hewison ... ... Bombay.
*1246 Prince Arthur (screw), ... Bengal P. W. Dept
960 Semiramis, 8 (paddle), Adams ... Aden.
49 Snake, 2 (paddle), Syrang ... ... Bombay Harbour.
*258 Tigris, 5 (lorigantine) ... ... Bombay,
*795 Victoria, 4 (paddle) Arnott... ... Aden.
*1903 Zenobia, 9 (paddle) ... ... Bombay.

* Out of Commission.

VESSELS IN BOMBAY HARBOUR.

[c.l. signifies commenced loading."]

FOR LONDON.

682 Excelsior, Sanderson—W. Nicol & Co. (c. l. March 17)
1156 Hornet, Pryan—Ewart, Latham & Co. (c. l. Feb. 25)
1049 Pattentham, Lauable—Forbes & Co. (c. l. March 23)
1169 Pride of the Ocean—A. H. Huschke & Co. (c.l. March 17)
1256 Prince Consort, Aitchinn—Lawrence & Co. (c. l. April 2)

FOR LIVERPOOL.

824 Adriatic, D. Scott.—M. Nusserwanjee. (c. l. Mar. 3)
1001 Algiers, Buchanan—M. Nusserwanjee. (c. l. Mar. 18)
1107 Almora.—Rennie, Scovell & Co. (c. l. Feb. 20)
811 Anna Dorothea, Smith—Coupland & Co. (c. l. March 30)
1249 Arundel, Broadfoot—Ritchie, Steuart & Co. (c. l. March 4)
967 Beloochee, Mitchell—Leckie & Co. (c. l. March 11)
557 Black Eagle, Basset—Lawrence & Co. (c. l. April 1)
791 Cambay, Wilson—Finlay, Scott & Co. (c. l. March 14)
1070 City of Agra, Sleigh—Coupland & Co. (c. l. Mar. 9)
972 Concordia, D. Ross.—Ritchie, Steuart & Co.
579 Corsair, Cleary—Finlay, Clark & Co. (c. l. Mar. 25)
1215 Dawn of Hope, McKie—E. Latham & Co. (c. l. Feb. 13)
1303 Duncairn, Finlay—MacNee & Co. (c. l. Mar. 30)
1647 Earl of Dalhousie—W. & A. Graham & Co. (c. l. April 1)
1350 Elphinstone—W. Nicol & Co. (c. l. April 1)
1268 Feronia, R. Hutchinson.—R. Scovell & Co. (c. l. Mar. 30)
812 Ferozeshu, G. F. Daveren—Robinson & Co. (c. l. Feb. 24)
1550 French

reference to the side of the Tweed on which gentlemen may happen to have been born, whether it is to be next proposed to reduce the income of the Governor-General, who, we believe, claims to be a Scot, to an amount which would only find him in that decent nether garment, which it is well known that no North Briton can afford to don, till he gets beyond the Tweed, and succeeds in fleecing "the Southern foe." But as to the Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bombay establishment, it is a fact that he gets less than the Senior Chaplain of the Church of England, why, we know not, for he is of the same official rank, and, not to make odious comparisons, *seems* at least as good a man and a Christian as any of his neighbours. He is indeed so good that he makes no complaint, doing his duty noiselessly, and as we had thought till now at least, without reproach.

In very bad taste, and it seems not even with a proper regard to truth and fact, the *Poona Observer* remarks upon the limited attendance at the Church of one of the Scotch Chaplains in the Mofussil. We know enough of the Mofussil to be able to point to more than one station, where the average attendance on the ministrations of able and excellent ministers of the Anglican Church is about half a dozen. The more shame to those who neglect to assemble themselves as they ought. But neither of the circumstances alluded to, that which is true, and that which is *not* quite true, can be well adduced to show, while the principle of Church establishments is recognised in Great Britain, that the power of our Empire should not be shown in the maintenance of religious services, whether those of the established Church of Scotland, or those of that other establishment, which, with "her moderate articles, her decent ceremonies, her noble and pathetic liturgy," will ever command wide and warm sympathies, and a respect too deep to be in the least abated by any thing that her injudicious friends may say or do.

By the Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer *Emeu* which arrived in our harbour on the morning of the 4th inst., we have received papers and correspondence from China to the 14th March. From these we learn that, in the miserable warfare now "dragging its slow length along" in that quarter, the so-called "disciplined Chinese force" of the Imperialists, has met with another serious reverse. A body of these troops marching against Show-shing, under the command of a French Officer, General Tardif de Moidrey, turned aside, and bivouaced in an old monastery, and from this place, the men dispersed next day plundering in all directions, and could not be got together again without much trouble. When the force was put in something like marching order again, it was followed it is said by "at least 500 boats, each soldier having his own private *san-pan* containing, loot, and ready for more." The officers are described as being as bad as the men, "drinking and smoking and taking hardly any care to maintain discipline."

At the head of this motley gathering, General Tardif sat down under the walls of Show-shing on the evening of the 18th Feb., getting his guns into position ready for an attack next day; on the morning of the 19th the force accordingly opened fire from the French howitzers the practice of which was said to be bad, but with a 68 pounder they did better execution and succeeded in making so a fine breach, that the necessity for scaling ladders was avoided. The fire from the walls by the Taepings is said to have been well directed, and numbers of wounded amongst the Imperialists were taken to the rear. Just as the drums had beat the advance, and as the troops were getting ready for the assault, General Tardif was knocked down from behind by a ball which must have been fired by some one in his own force, and died within ten hours afterwards in a state of delirium. The death of the General appears to have paralysed his troops; at all events, after a good deal of skirmishing and bungling, the force retired and abandoned the attempt to take the place by assault.

The death of the French General was not the only serious part of the affray. It appears Captain Dew, of H. M.'s ship *Encounter*, with two of his Officers were present at the assault, and one of these, Lieutenant Tinling, met his death while looking on in the character of a spectator. Captain Dew appears to have been actively engaged superintending the throwing up of fortifications and other defences, doing what he could to retrieve the position of affairs after the check given to the Franco-Chinese force. It was at one time reported that Captain Dew was in a position of some difficulty, and that reinforcements were to be sent to his assistance from Shanghai but this does not appear to be confirmed by the latest news.

We think it probable enough, however, that Captain Dew may get into trouble otherwise, with his superiors at the Admiralty for his having been so far away from his proper sphere of duty, without orders. H. M.'s *Encounter* is stationed at Shanghai which is ninety miles from the scene of action described above, and strict orders were given by the English Government that the rebels should not be interfered with, unless they came within thirty miles of any town with which the British were permitted to trade, and where British consulates were established. Captain Dew is a brave Officer, and distinguished himself greatly last year in the engagements that took place on various parts of the Chinese Coast near Ningpo, when it was deemed necessary to employ the British forces in protecting British subjects and British commerce from the attacks of the Taepings; and we shall be sorry to hear that he has got into trouble by what seems at least to have been a grave indiscretion, in giving colour by his presence at Show-shing, to charges of partiality made freely by the Taepings against the British Government, notwithstanding our professed impartiality, where our interest, are not interfered with. It is to be feared our position in China, in the present state of affairs in that country, is daily becoming more embarassing, and if the present civil strife continues much longer it will be difficult to prevent our getting involved with one party or other. Commodore Osborn's fleet is now anxiously looked for in China, when it appears there, with the Commodore at its head, we trust a better state of things will rapidly be established.

We learn from the papers received by this mail, that Russia has given in her adhesion to the "Revised Regulations of Trade on the Yangtze Kiang," which had already been accepted by the English and American Ministers.

The "Regulations," under a notification from the Russian Consulate, are published in the Shanghai newspapers, and, with the exception of a special clause which refers entirely to duties levied on the Russian Overland trade, are the same in all respects as the "revised regulations" binding on the other foreign powers. By these regulations, "the traders of each country are placed upon an equal footing, as they are all subject to the same restrictions, and come under the same surveillance of the Chinese Foreign Customs."

The Council of the Governor of Bombay for making laws will be getting another wigging from the Governor-General directly, and we should say not without reason, but that the Viceroy himself seems a little at fault as well, in the matter we allude to. Act I. of 1863 of our local legislature, which is an Act for the registry of vessels and levy of pilotage fees on the River Indus, provides that it was to "come into operation on the first day of January 1863." But it seems that it only received the assent of the Governor-General on the twenty-first day of January last, and was only published as law in Bombay on the second of February. Without the assent of the Governor-General, it was certainly no law. It was therefore no law at the time it purports to have come into force. When it actually came into force, under these circumstances, or whether it is actually in force now, may come to be a question some day. At all events such slovenliness in legislation is quite inexcusable and we hope to see no more of it.

If hope deferred makes the heart sick, the *Friend of India* "can imagine the condition of the Indian Medical Service. Again the scheme for their amalgamation with the Royal Service has been referred to England, the Queen's Warrant remains in abeyance, and probably the next rains will fall before Indian Surgeons know their fate. The Uncovenanted Service have been almost as carelessly dealt with. Their memorial has been again referred to England, and the only consolation in the case of both is that the delay is due to the anxiety of the Government of India to prevent injustice being done to their interests, in details with which the Home authorities can interfere only to do evil."

We publish to-day from the *Calcutta Government Gazette* the orders for the first distribution of the proceeds of the Booty captured in Pegu many years ago. The total sum to be distributed is Rs. 3,35,211, as follows :—

To the Land Forces..... .....Rs.	2,55,280	9	2
To the Naval Forces, in the services of the late E. I. Company ..... „	41,551	13	8
To the Naval Forces of H. M.'s service ..... „	38,378	9	2
Rs....	3,35,277	0	0

Each share is two rupees, to the land forces, and one rupee six annas to the naval forces. It will not be very valuable; a Major General has 1,500 shares, Colonel 600, Captain 120, Subaltern 60, Privates one share, and native troops from Naik to Bheestee two-thirds of a share.

The Honorable H. S. Maine has been officially gazetted as Vice-Chancellor of the University of Calcutta in succession to the Honorable C. J. Erskine.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA MAIL.

The P. and O. Company's steamer *Emeu*, Captain D. Reynoldson, arrived here on Saturday morning, with dates from Hongkong 14th March, Singapore 19th, Penang 21st, and Galle 30th.

List of Passengers.

Captain Wortham; Mr. Overbeck; Mr. Harstorm; Mr. Higson; Mr. Wiggins; Mr. Giles; Mr. Agnew; Mr. Topcis; Captain and Mrs. Campbell; Mr. Erskine; Mr. Linth; and Mr. Genchet.

SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

(From the Overland China Mail, March 14.)

The Rebel victory at Tai-tsan on the 15th ultimo, recorded in our last issue, has been succeeded by another victory at Shaou-hing (more properly Shaou-hsing) 90 miles from Ningpo, which took place on the 20th of February. This is unfortunately the second repulse which the Imperial disciplined troops have met with before Shaou-hsing; in the first attempt to take the city, General Lebrethon, it will be remembered, was killed by the bursting of a gun, and the troops under his command became disheartened in consequence. On this occasion General *Tardif* his successor, was also killed, by the fire of his own men as he was leading the assault. For a second time, too, the assault was impeded by the want of proper means for crossing a most that surrounded the city,—the first time being at Tai-tsan. Such blunders are beginning to prove expensive. It continues to be noticed that the Rebels seem will supplied with European arms of the newest pattern, if we may judge by the bullets that have proved so fatal in the Imperial ranks. Captain Dew and Lieutenant Tinling from H.M.S. *Encounter* were present at the second attack upon Shaou-hsing, in the capacity, it is said, of spectators. Lieutenant Tinling received a wound in the head, which has proved fatal; he died in Ningpo a day or two after receiving it. Captain Dew and he were both undoubtedly absent from duty on the unhappy occasion, and the event will likely put an end to British officers travelling beyond a radius of thirty miles. We were the first to draw attention to the looting of rich towns, and the practice was wisely forbidden some time afterwards, in so far as British troops were concerned. The following letter from the *North-China Herald's* correspondent, while interesting in various respects, hints at a hankering after loot which still prevails and which is sure to bring defeat upon every expedition sent against rich Taeping cities :—

Shao-shing, 23d February, 1863.

The whole country through which we passed between Ningpo and Show-shing is richly cultivated, and, in many parts, very beautiful. The hills which rise on either side are quite a relief to the eye after the dead flats which render the country around Shanghae so monotonous, and the evidences of population in the villages through which we passed were a pleasing contrast to the desolation prevailing in the much-fought-over ground within the thirty miles radius round that city. On the 17th, we slept in a large Chungmaou town near a very celebrated monastery, in which is a larger statue of Buddha, some 20 feet high, cut out of solid rock. It was a great mistake on General Tardif's part, and much against Capt. Dew's wish, to take the men into this place, as the consequence was, that they were all dispersed looting on the following day; and it was only after much trouble that they could be got to move forward against Show-shing. When they did so, at least 500 boats followed, each soldier having his own *san-pan* containing, and ready for more, *loot*. Many of the officers were almost as bad as the men, drinking and smoking, and taking hardly any care to maintain discipline among their men. On the morning of the 18th, we arrived before the walls of Show-shing, and during the night got our 68-pounder into position, without much molestation. On the morning of the 19th, fire was opened from it and from the French howitzers; but the practice of the latter was bad. That of the mortars was moderate, but the 68 quickly made one of the finest breaches I have seen. So much of the earthwork was knocked down that it could easily be walked up, and the necessity for scaling ladders was avoided. The fire from the walls during this time, was heavy and well-directed; and wounded were being constantly carried to the rear. A good hospital had been got ready, with beds, bedding and plenty of straw, under the superintendence of the Bishop of Ningpo, and they were made tolerably comfortable. At noon, the drum from the European company beat the advance, the trumpts took up the order, and all was made ready for the assault. It was just at this time that General Tardif was knocked over, he was carried to the hospital and treated with every care by a medical gentleman who accompanied the force, but his case was hopeless. The ball had smashes the back of the head, and the brain was protruding. Paralysis almost immediately supervened, but he survived ten hours, though, the greater part of the time, in a state of delirium. The assault was made almost immediately he was wounded, but it is thought his loss dispirited the Chinese. There was also some bungling about the boats at the creek, so that only a few got across; and none of the Chinese would follow. Colonel Corpier got about half way up the breach, but was knocked back by a brick.

The *Chung-maous* kept up a most infernal fire, and over a hundred men were wounded; more than half of the European company and half the officers including two of Ward's; and finally the attempt was obliged to be given up. Notwithstanding the number of wounded, the killed were very few—I think not more than ten, of whom two were Europeans. It is surprising what a number were wounded in the neck; in others the shoulder blade was completely smashed, and some were shot through the lungs. The bullet used by the rebels were principally of the needle pattern. I think the total loss was about 110, viz. 10 killed, 30 wounded dangerously, and 70 more or less severely. Among the latter is Mr. Tinling, fourth Lieutenant of the *Encounter*, who has had a bullet extracted from his head. This is a tolerably full bill for a few hours work, and shows that rebel fighting is not quite so pleasant and easy an amusement as, in some quarters, it is considered. I should think the rebels must also have suffered severely, as they fought with admirable pluck in the breach and exposed themselves freely. At present we are awaiting the arrival of a French officer to succeed Tardif in command of the force; and, in the meantime are making a sap and throwing up fortifications under Captain Dew's superintendence. Several 32 pounders are also expected, and on their arrival the city has to fall. Everything is going on well, save that the rebels have got in our rear, where they are burning diligently. The officers are rather troublesome; I cannot call them French, for they consists of almost every nation under the sun—American, English, French, Dutch, Portuguese, Italians and Negroes. They are given to drinking, and it is difficult to persuade them that work, or even superintendence, is better for their constitutions. *Maslee*, however, it is only a question of more guns, and Show-shing must fall; you see I am very confident, notwithstanding that we were beaten in our two first attempts.

After the defeat at Tai-tsan, General Staveley took a force to Kahding and scoured the adjacent-country; all was quiet. Captain Gordon, R.E. has been appointed by Prince Kung to the command of Ward's Force; he was recommended for the post by General Staveley and Sir F. Bruce.

From Peking we have no news. Prince Kung seems to be as active as ever in reforming the general administration of the Empire. The Viceroy who was, a month ago, appointed to succeed Laou at Canton, has been called to Peking to receive, it is supposed, instructions of a personal kind as to the Imperial policy with regard to foreigners. A new Taou-tae has been sent from Peking to Chaou-chow-fu to settle matters at Swatow. Shing Poou, the Chinese General who is answerable for the death of Major Brabazon and others has been arrested and brought for trial to the capital, on various charges of fraud and extortion, and he will most likely lose his head in consequence. He is succeeded in the command of the army in Shensi and Honan by To-lung-ah, a Tartar commander of high reputation, of whom Sir Harry Parkes has recorded a favourable opinion in the Yang-tsze Expedition Blue Book. To-lung-ah and Sang-ko-lin-sin are now the two principal commanders on the North of the Yangtsze, whilst, in the Southern regions, the Imperial Commissioner Tseng-kwo-fan remains Generalissimo.

The news from Japan is scanty. Nothing has happened to alter the alarming aspect that affairs are there assuming. All reports speak of increased vigour on the part of the Japanese government in military matters; the army is being brought to a high state of effectiveness. Admiral Kuper has gone to Japan, but his object has not transpired. He is said to have gone to demand a fine of £125,000 for Mr. Richardson's murder: if so, this is the beginning of hostilities which must prove most costly and disastrous to England.

From the three Northern Ports Chefoo, Newchwang, and Tientsin, we shall now have regular intelligence, as the ice has broken up for the season. Rebels from Shantung are stated to have been 100 li (or 30 miles) from Tientsin when the last advices left. The fact of their coming no nearer than thirty miles almost seems to shew that they have heard of the "radius." They are said to have cut off the heads of several mandarins. The season in the North has been very mild.

From the ports on the Yang-tsze River, we have no intelligence of importance. The native authorities at Hankow are said to be badly disposed towards foreigners; the unfortunate course taken by H.M.'s Consul at that port in ordering the gunboat *Hawoe* to use force in settling a dispute about transit dues, has, of course, not improved matters.

From Chinkiang, we hear that the Taepings have been troublesome in the river, plundering junks; the gunboat *Slaney* has had to interfere; the Yang-tsze is reported to be far from safe at present. The residents at Chinkiang have good deer and pheasant shooting close at hand, the winter has been a mild one.

All is quiet in Shanghae; the Imperialist troops are said to have been defeated by the Rebels at Piover Point.

From the ports of Amoy, Swatow, and Fuhchau, there are no news.

At Canton, there have been several changes among the native officials lately. The disorder in the province has come to such a height that the Provincial Judge has left the city with a strong force to quell the disturbances; of these an account is given in another column.

Hongkong is falling again into its former business habits, after the China New Year. A considerable number of old residents leave the Colony by the present mail steamer. We notice in the list the names of Mr. Overbeck (of Dent & Co.'s), Mr. Higson (of Jardine), and Dr. Maher, lately attached to H. M.'s 99th Regiment. Chief Justice Adams intends leaving by next mail. A hot summer is expected this year. General Staveley leaves Hongkong for Shanghae by the Steamer *Rona* to-day. He takes with him the Commissary General, the principal Medical officer, the Deputy Adjutant General, and several other Staff officers.

The Local items of news we thus summarise from a file of the *Evening Mail* :—

"A Shipmaster's" letter elicited the fact that Mr. Bruce (now Sir Frederick) had *not* been six months absent from Peking as was, in effect, stated by our contemporary in the *Overland Trade Report* of January 31st.—Two attempts to escape from gaol were recorded, one of them successful on the part of 22 prisoners, who made their way out by the privy drain. An article appeared, drawing attention to the case of an Indian Constable now in custody on a charge of murder, he having shot a Chinaman on the Praya: the case is probably a hard one for the Indian, but he will get fair play we have no doubt.—The 99th Regiment was reviewed at the Race Course on the 2nd instant, by General Staveley; it is reported to be in a perfect state of drill. Private races came off on the 3rd, in which *Beggar* beat *The Cid*; *Canton* beat *Calamity*; *Anecdote* beat *Velox*; and *Deerfoot* beat *Templar*. The P. & O. Co.'s steamer *Aden* put back after being within 20 miles of Amoy, owing to the loss of her screw; she reached Hongkong on the 2nd instant. The news from Canton are to the effect that the authorities had seen it their duty to despatch troops to Kwang-hai, where the Hakkas have caused so much disorder and bloodshed. The Taoutai of Kaou-chow-fu is reported to have been robbed of 15,000 Taels by a body of these men, who fell in with him as he was conveying that sum to its destination.—A proclamation in the *Government Gazette* forbidding the export of munitions of war, was explained to have been made in order to deter the Rebels and coast pirates from obtaining their arms in Hongkong. The Amateurs are to give a second display on night on Saturday next.

It was stated that twelve out of the twenty Chinese prisoners who escaped from gaol by a drain had been recaptured.—The steamer *John Bright*, from Bombay, arrived here on the 6th instant, bringing English intelligence up to the 20th January.—A state of what might be called religious destitution was said to exist at Whampoo, where a large class of seafaring men have no means of going to church on Sundays.—The Italian Brothers' athletic performances attracted some notice, and they were favoured with the patronage of the Merchants on Monday last.—The new Governor General of the Two Kwang was reported to have been called to Peking, probably to indoctrinate him personally with the policy Prince Kung has determined upon with regard to Foreigners.—An article appeared on the subject of Jury Trials, pointing out the frequency of the failures of justice to which that mode of procedure led to.—The Backus Minstrels were reported to be donors of $217 to the Lancashire Fund at Shanghae.—The Amateurs are said to be so much approved of this year, that the public are fretting in prospect of not having all the six performances before the season closes: only two have been given, but it is believed that the rest will follow in due time.—An article appeared, criticising the action of the Sanatory Commission, a body entrusted with the preliminary arrangements for carrying out the largest municipal work as yet attempted in this city, viz: that of dealing with the existing state of the drainage.—The importance of the work was shewn in the appointments of a Commission to pave the way for its being carried out, but the Commission has astonished and disappointed the town by the eccentricity of its action. It has offered the small sum of $400 as a prize for the best scheme for carrying out the large work proposed. No sum has been named to guide competitors in their plans for the work; and one month is allowed for the preparation of designs. The names on the Commission are the very best that could have been chosen, on general principles, and the present breakdown destroys our faith in commissions altogether. The mail will leave Hongkong one month on March 12th, with dates from Shanghae to the 7th instant. No further event has occurred at Shaou-hing. Captain Dew is said to be in Ningpo. Lieutenant Tinling of H.M.S. *Encounter* has died of a wound received at the late attack on Shaou-hing.

LOSS OF THE "PERTINAX."

The *Daily Shipping News* of Shanghae has the following notice of the wreck of the Dutch barque *Pertinax*, with the loss of thirty-two lives. She drifted against a reef called "The Helen Bank" on 25th Jan. :—

The Bremen schooner *Meta* from Singapore arrived to-day, Wednesday, from Singapore, having left that port on the 5th Jan. She brings as passengers the chief mate, boatswain, cook, four sailors, two boys and a Chinaman belonging to the ill-fated *Pertinax*, which was wrecked on the "Helen Bank," on the 26th January. The men were rescued from their perilous situation after being in the boats without food or clothing for 96 hours. Being an iron vessel, the *Pertinax* soon bilged, and sunk in less than an hour after striking; taking with her the Captain, his wife, and child only three months old, steward, carpenter, three seamen, and one boy.

The *Pertinax* was from Macassar, *via* Batavia. On the 25th January, the Lat. by observation shewed the vessel to be in 2·23 N. and Long. 133.00 E. running at the rate of 4½ knots. On the following morning at 5 o'clock breakers were reported on the lee bow and ahead. The vessel was immediate tacked, but the foreyard having been hauled round, the ship would not come up to the wind, and consequently drifted against the reef. Everything that could be done was done for the safety of the ship—but all efforts proved fruitless. The quarter-boat was washed away from the davits, and the long-boat was taken possession of by the Chinese passengers, but no oars or sails being in the boat, she drifted on the reef, and all, 23 in number, met a watery grave, while the officers and crew were busy about the ship—leaving them without any means of saving their lives. The only survivors from this unfortunate vessel saved themselves by swimming to the boat that had been washed from the davits, which contained oars and sails. These were subsequently exposed to a burning sun for four days, without food or water, when they were rescued and very kindly cared for by Captain Hermann and his benevolent lady.

The position of "Helen Bank," as marked down in Wilson's late Norie's chart, and corrected up to 1862, is 25 miles out of its true position. It is laid down in Lat. 2.55 N. and 131.42 E.; but its true position, by good and reliable observation, is in Lat. 3.10 N. and Long. 132.19 E.—*Id.*

COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.

In the Import market, very little business is doing. Holders continue firm for an advance in Cottons. In Exports, a fair business in Teas for the time of year has been done, but in Silk the only transactions are some 900 bales at Shanghae.

Tientsin, *February* 21.—The ice has broken up, but trade does not seem to have been resumed, at all events to any extent. The hopes of a brisk opening of business have been damped by the proximity of a large body of armed banditti; said to be only from 30 to 100 miles off. This is deeply to be regretted, for the trade in imports, at the port, to judge from last year's transactions, promised to be very large. Of Shirtings alone, goods were sold to the value of 1,812,600 Taels, and of Opium 2,550,000. This trade gave employment to 86 vessels aggregating 21,500 tons.

Hankow, *March* 1.—No market intelligence received. The river was rising fast. Freights to Shanghae 4 to 5 Taels.

Kiukiang, *March* 2.—In Common Greens, a slight decline had taken place. Some purchases have been made for the States, and those, with the quantity shipped on Native account, have reduced the Stock to 45,000 packages.

Shanghae, *March* 7.—Not much doing in Imports, transactions in Shirtings being under 5,000 pieces for the fortnight, and of T-Cloths only 500. In Teas, 400 chests Black had been taken, but in Greens the market has been brisk. The settlements and realizations of the fortnight have been 2,000 chests of the latter

15,000 half chests—leaving in stock 3,500 chests Congou, 1,600 Flowery Pekoe, 20,000 half-chests Moyunes and Pychows, 1,000 do. Pingsuey, 1,500 do. Hoochow, and 2,000 Japan and Shanghae packed. In Silks, 900 bales had found buyers, leaving 2,500 in stock. Exchange on London, Bank 6s. 2¼d. to 6s. 2¾d. Credit 6s. 2¾d. to 6s. 2¾d. Freights, to London £4 for Tea, and £3-15 to Liverpool. Ships loading, for London, 'Ferozepore,' 'Leichardt,' and 'Martaban,'; for Liverpool, 'Caldera,' 'Carlotta, and 'Cyclone'; for New York, 'Ariel.'

Foochau, *March* 10.—Sales of all kinds of Import, slightly exceed 6,000 pieces. In Tea, 12,500 chests Congou, 2,600 half-chests Oolong, a few chests of Pekoe and 3,000 boxes Scented, are the sales reported. The stocks are 7,500, 2,700, 1,000 and 2,800 respectively. Freights to London, £4, 10s. to New York $16. Ships loading for London, 'Albuera' and Merse.'

Amoy, *March* 12.—A disposition to buy is checked by the firmness of importers, so that sales are confined to 1,500 pieces Shirtings, a few hundred bales Cotton and Yarn, and 500 pieces Turkey Red Cloths. Teas were still held for higher rates, but 6,000 half-chests Oolong had found buyers.

Canton.—Business shews signs of improvement and 16,000 pieces Grey and 2,000 White have been taken. Rice has also advanced. In Teas, 17 chops Congou, 14,000 boxes Scented Orange Pekoe and 3,000 Caper, 2,000 boxes Canton-made and 2,700 packages Country Greens, are the transactions. In stock 35 chops Congou and 17,000 packages Country Greens. Nothing doing in Silk. Freights to London, £4; to New York $15, nominal. Ships loading, for London, *Lauderdale* and *Peterborough*, with *Margaret Mitchell*, on the berth.

Hongkong.—Very little doing in Imports generally, and 6,000 pieces Grey and 3,000 White and 750 Spotted Shirtings, 7,000 T. Cloths, 1,500 Brocades, 750 American Drills, 800 Cambets, 1,200 Long Ells, and 600 Lastings, comprise the sales of Manufactures. In Rice, a good business has been doing, and 76,000 piculs disposed of. Exchange, on London, 4/8¾ to 4/8¾. Credit 4/8¾ to 4/9. Vessels for the Rice and Coasting trades still in good demand.—*Id.*

HONKONG OPIUM MARKET.

(From Charles Jameson's Circular.)

In my last Opium Report of the 27th ultimo, I acquainted you that the prices had advanced on the resumption of business after the Chinese New Year. I have now to inform you that quotations remained nearly the same as last advised up to the time of the arrival of the steamer *John Bright* on the 6th instant, when rates immediately advanced. Sales have however been on a very limited scale since that period, the clearance being confined principally to the Coast.

Patna.—Was last quoted at $645 per chest, the market being somewhat depressed owing to the near approach of time bargains. Very little change took place until the arrival of the advices of Second Sale; it has since fluctuated between $662.50 and $670 per chest, the latter being this afternoon's rate.

Benares.—Has ruled about $20 below Patna throughout, with a fair local demand.

Malwa.—Prices advanced from $710 per chest to $725 on the 6th instant. Large clearances were made at the former rates by the Chinese and others. The market has since touched $750, but very few sales have been made higher than $740 at $745; it is now almost nominally quoted at $740.

Turkey.—Buyers are offering $550, and sellers disposed to hold on for $600 per picul. Very little business has taken place.

	Patna.	*Benares.*	*Malwa.*
Estimated Stock on 27th Feb.....	858	679	1,662
Imported per strs. *John Bright*, *Thunder*, *Lightning*, and *Malta*...	1,564	944	2,439
	2,422	1,6234	101½
Exports, &c. &c.	832	563	2,083½
Estimated stock, 13th March, 1863,	1,590	1,060	2,828

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Electric Telegraph.)

Colombo, *2nd April* 9·8 A.M.

Steamer *Mary Grant* from Galle anchored.

Galle, *2nd April*, 7 A.M.

Steamer *Columbian* from Bombay anchored.

Madras, *3rd April*, 9-15 A.M.

Steamer *Golden Fleece* from London anchored.

NEWS FROM CHINA.

Hongkong, *20th March* 1863.

Per steamer *Thunder* :—

Since telegram of the 16th instant, per *Lightning*, Opium has shown no alterations. The market is very inactive.

Rice, remains as last quoted, and very little business doing.

Exchange. An advance has taken place in the rate on Calcutta, which is quoted to-day at two hundred and twenty-nine rupees.

Shanghai. Our advices are of the 11th instant.

Nothing has been done in Opium since the 7th. Chinese dealers were willing to accept lower rates for Malwa, but foreign holders would not sell under five hundred and seventy taels.

CHINA COMMERCIAL NEWS.

(Special Telegram for the Bombay Gazette.)

Hongkong, *20th March.*

Per steamer *Thunder* through Kedgeree.

The state of the Patna and Malwa Opium market remains the same as that despatched by the *Lightning*. No change in prices.

Bills, Rs. 229 per $100.

No steamer has arrived.

LOCAL.

Friday and Saturday were close holidays in all the public offices in Bombay, and accordingly our columns are somewhat denuded to-day of local intelligence. The week, however, upon which we have now entered promises much in that department.

The following is a statement of prisoners confined in the Bombay County Jail, April 2nd :—Criminal—European one, natives 96, with hard labour; Europeans 2, native 1, without hard labour; natives 2, under sentence of transportation; Europeans 2, penal servitude; Europeans 2, natives 12, untried; making in all a total of 118, besides 97 on the Civil side of the Jail.

The Bombay University.—A Convocation of the University of Bombay for conferring degrees will be held in the Town Hall, this evening at five o'clock. His Excellency Sir Bartle Frere, K.C.B., Chancellor of the University, will preside.

The San Francisco Minstrels did their best on Thursday evening last, for the benefit of Mr. Dave Carson; and we were glad to perceive a very full house, to whom the best thanks of the beneficiary were tendered. Mr. Palin takes his benefit on Thursday night next.

Sunkersett Charitable Dispensary.—The total number of patients admitted during the last month was 250. Of these, there were 138 Hindoos, of whom 105 were males; 10 Moossulmans, 4 being males; 84 Parsees, 35 being males; 8 Christians, 7 being males; and 10 of all other castes of whom only 4 were males. With regard to ages there were 49 under ten years of age, 48 under twenty, 124 between twenty and forty; 21 between forty and sixty, and 8 upwards of sixty. Out of the 250 admissions 148 were cured, 5 relieved, 72 absented, and 25 remain under treatment.

The following Notification was issued in a *Government Gazette Extraordinary* on Friday afternoon :—

NOTIFICATION.

Educational Department.

His Excellency the Governor in Council has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned Gentlemen to be Fellows of the University of Bombay :—

The Honorable R. Couch.	W. C. Coles, Esq., M.D.
H. P. St. G. Tucker Esq., C.S.	G. R. Ballingall, Esq., M.D.
J. G. Arthur, Esq., C.S.	H. V. Carter, Esq., M.D.
H. N. B. Erskine, Esq., C.S.	Professor F. J. Candy, M.A.
M. Melvill, Esq., C.S.	Professor J. G. Bühler, Dr. Phil.
C. R. Ovans, Esq., C.S.	Captain W. C. Barker, I. N.
J. B. Pelle, Esq., C.S., B.A.	Lieutenant D. J. Kennelly, I. N.
W. G. Pedder, Esq., C.S., B.A.	A. R. Scoble, Esq., Barrister at Law.
R. West, Esq., C.S., B.A.	J. P. Green, Esq., Barrister at Law.
W. H. Newnham, Esq., C.S.	J. P. Bickerstetth, Esq., Government Solicitor.
J. W. Shaw Wyllie, Esq., C.S.	R. Hannay, Esq.
J. B. Richey, Esq., C.S., B.A.	Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Esq.
H. M. Birdwood, Esq., C.S., B.A.	Mancokjee Cursetjee, Esq.
Major W. L. Merewether, C.B.	
Captain E. B. Holland, R.E.	
Captain T. Waddington.	
Rev. C. Du Port, M.A.	

H. L. Anderson, Chief Secretary.

Bombay Castle, 2nd April 1863.

The Mortuary Returns for the week ending 1st April shows a fearful increase of deaths from fever, being fifty more than that of last week, and twenty five per cent. above the average of the last ten years. Measles are on the wane, there being only seven against twelve of last week, the mean being twenty. Cholera cases show twenty eight, being within one of last week and only about half the mean. A decided improvement in the Nervous and Respiratory systems is observable, which are eleven and thirteen respectively against twenty and twenty nine of last week.

The following is a classified table of the casualties :—

Europeans.		Parsees.	
Fever.....	1	Fever.....	5
Cholera	0	Cholera	0
Other diseases	3	Other diseases	12
Indo-Europeans.		Jews.	
Cholera	0	Fever.....	1
Fever.....	0	Cholera	0
Other diseases	1	Other diseases	0
Hindoos.		Native-Christians.	
Fever.....	129	Fever.....	5
Cholera	21	Cholera	1
Other diseases	95	Other diseases	4
Mussulmans.		Negro-Africans.	
Fever.....	61	Fever.....	2
Cholera	6	Cholera	0
Other diseases	32	Other diseases	5

Summary of Chief Diseases.

	Last Week,	Aver. of past 10 years.
Small-pox	43	44
Cholera	28	52
Measles	7	20
Fever	204	152
Nervous system	11	11
Vascular system	0	1
Respiratory system ...	13	21
Alimentary system.....	40	33
Cachexy	21	16
Accidents	6	4
Other diseases	11	7
Total...	384	361

There is at this moment lying on the editorial table before us a sample of cotton grown from the Egyptian seed, within ten miles of Poona,—at a place called Kavelaw. It was grown on a piece of ground of 180 acres belonging to Mr. Dorabjee Pestonjee Patell of Bombay, owner of the well known Heerabagh near Parvati tank.

This we believe is the first growth of cotton introduced into the Poona Zilla, or indeed in the Deccan proper. The cotton is of very good quality, though it has not been perfectly cleaned, and has a reddish tinge, owing to the fall of rain in the month of November. As the cultivation continues, doubtless no pains will be spared by the enterprising capitalist above named to bring it to perfection. The first and successful attempt to grow Cotton in this province ought to obtain the favorable notice of the authorities for Mr. Dorabjee Pestonjee, to encourage others to imitate him.—*Poona Observer, April 4.*

The Director of Public Instruction.—We have more than once charged the educational administration of Mr. Howard, Bombay Director of Public Instruction, with hostility to Christianity. He was encouraged in this policy by Lord Elphinstone and Sir G. Clerk, but now that Sir B. Frere is Governor we trust he will deal officially with this complaint of the Bombay Bible Society. "The subordinate agents of non-mission schools are not unfrequently the most active parties in preventing their pupils and their relatives from purchasing the Scriptures, alleging that the Government is hostile to the Bible, which it has not yet recognized as an educational instrumentality, and pleading themselves on their own account, for pupils who are expected to be excluded from its influence. The introduction of copies of the Bible into the libraries of the Government schools and colleges, which has been happily effected during the last two years, may in some degree work to the counteraction of this evil; but it is to be desired that Government would allow the use of the Bible in voluntary classes in its own seminaries, and cease to give a monopoly of its patronage to the schools from which it is excluded."—*Friend of India, March* 26.

BOMBAY POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

FORT POLICE OFFICE.—4TH APRIL 1863.

(Before N. W. Oliver, Esq.)

Refusal of duty.—Two seamen, named George Sanger and Isaac Craufield were charged with refusal of duty on Good Friday morning.

Matthew Hall deposed, that he was Master of the barque *Duke of Wellington*. The prisoners are articled seamen. On Friday morning they refused to go to work saying they were sick. They then abused him. Upon being told to mention the abusive language, he said the men had told him if he was as sick as they, he would cry like a child. The prisoners had otherwise misconducted themselves, and had treated the mate in a very improper manner.

John Kirk, the chief mate said, that the men had refused to work, one of them saying he was sick and the other mumbling something. They did not go to work yesterday, I and the Doctor saw them. The ship was discharging cargo in the harbour, and other ships were similarly employed.

The prisoners in defence said they were sick and unable to go to their duty on Friday morning. They were quite willing to go to their work now.

His Worship said it appeared that the Surgeon of the ship had certified that they were in good health. He would not this time send them to prison but they would be sent, if they did not do their work in a proper manner. They were fined two days pay and ordered to go on board.

Stealing Silver from the Mint.—Syed Oosman Syed Ibraham, a Mussulman, was charged with stealing three pieces of silver from the Mint, the property of Government, on Saturday morning last.

The Prisoner pleaded guilty.

John Gunn deposed, he was Warden in the Mint, and knew the prisoner by sight. He had not been long employed, when the people were leaving the Mint, at a few minutes after eight o'clock on Saturday morning, on searching the belt which was worn by the prisoner the three pieces of silver, now produced were found. They are the property of Government and are worth eight rupees. While working in the Mint he must have had an opportunity of getting hold of them. The prisoner was employed in the rolling department.

His Worship sentenced the prisoner to three months imprisonment in the House of Correction, with hard labour.

Ditto.—Mahdoo Doondoo was charged with stealing twenty rupees the property of Her Majesty's Government of Bombay.

Framjee Cowasjee Metah, deposed that he was bullion keeper in the Mint, and knew the prisoner who served under him. On Thursday evening about five o'clock, his assistant told him there were fifty-two rupees short out of four lacs and he then ordered that no one should leave the premises and told all the people to take their seat by the scale. This was about seven o'clock. The prisoner was among the rest. He said nothing about the missing money. Witness then noticed the prisoner who was standing in a corner. When asked why he was not weighing, he said he had a headache. Having his suspicions roused by the manner of the prisoner the witness suspected all was not right, and upon taking his hand found the twenty rupees in his left hand. Prisoner had not been working and had no business with the rupees. He was then given in char

to persuade the Magistrate to follow the rebel with him (the Nazir) in an *ekka*, leaving Captain Rattray and the troopers behind. The result is well known. The Nazir's stratagem was transparent to every one at Patna, save those who were blinded by prejudice; yet he not only escaped punishment, but was restored to his situation, and on the late organization of the New Police was given high preferment under Major Pughe. He has now within the last few days been proved to be the utter villain that he was formerly pronounced to be. He is shown to have been implicated in a diabolical conspiracy to bring innocent men to the gallows, while he screened the real criminals. The detection is owing to the sagacity of Mr. Brodhurst, the Judge of Chuprah. The Nazir, who had, we understand, received the public thanks of government for his zeal and fidelity, is a fugitive from justice. Truth has once again been vindicated, and "yet another" name has been expunged from the list of fictitious heroes whom our Great Fiederick delighted to honour.—*Id.*

GREAT FIRE AT BHOWANIPORE.—This is the season for fires in native Calcutta and ordinarily they attract but little attention;—it is "only a few huts" and no one knows anything about it but the police and the burnt-out sufferers. But on Thursday afternoon a very serious conflagration was started by a careless fellow cooking his dinner in Bhowanipore, which spread so rapidly as to cause very serious loss of life and an enormous destruction of property. The fire taking its course along a great length of bazaar and skirting the Canal opposite the house of the Magistrate of Alipore, very large quantities of produce, rice, timber, ghee and other stores; live stock, bullocks, horses, &c., have been destroyed, and several pucca houses, surrounded by the flaming huts have shared their fate. In one of these houses belonging to a respectable native, his mother, his wife, and three children, were taken by surprise and all escape being cut off before they were aware of the danger, they were burnt to death. In all it is said that twenty-five lives are known to have been sacrificed, and we have heard the loss of property is estimated at not less than a lakh and a half of rupees. The fire is even yet smouldering in various parts.—*Englishman's Weekly Journal, March, 28.*

MADRAS.

ECCLESIASTICAL CHANGES.—We regret to learn that the Venerable Archdeacon Dealtry will be compelled by the state of his health to go home on sick leave very shortly for a year or fifteen months. It is said to be not at all unlikely that the Rev. F. G. Lugard, Senior Chaplain will act for Archdeacon Dealtry.—*Times, March* 31.

It is rumoured that Mr. G. A. Harris, of the Civil Service, who has just returned from England, is the probable successor of Mr. T. L. Strange, on the Bench of the High Court.—*Athenæum & Statesman, Mar.* 31.

SIND.

KHELAT DISTURBANCES.—In drawing attention to our Shikarpore news-letter, which will be found in the usual place, we have to observe that the information therein contained tallies with what we have ourselves heard, and it corroborates, in almost every point, the particulars furnished us from several sources. We are, therefore, inclined to the opinion that there is very little room to doubt the general accuracy of our correspondent's statement. One of our friends, writing to us, mentions several additional facts he had learned from fugitives. Dadur, it seems, has been sacked, and the town of Bagh invested, by the adherents of Mirdhul Khan, the Chieftain who wounded the Khan of Khelat, and who is now endeavouring to supplant him. Mirdhul Khan has, as his adherents, all those Chiefs, who do not share in the subsidy granted by the British Government to the Khan of Khelat, with the view to his maintaining order and tranquility in his territories. Two Kafilas which left this on their return homewards, had been plundered by the insurgents, who are levying Black Mail all through the country, and tyrannizing dreadfully, more especially over the Hindoo population. The present Ruler Khodadad Khan, himself, is not over punctilious in his dealings with his subjects, and only last year he was guilty of a barbarous act of cruelty, perpetrated on two British subjects. These men, who were inhabitants of Shikarpore, farmed the revenues of one of the Khelat districts; the venture proved disastrous, and the loss was so very heavy that the unfortunate men were wholly unable to pay the Khan the sum in which they were indebted to him. They were imprisoned, and, with very great difficulty, one of them managed to obtain permission to proceed to Shikarpore, for the purpose of raising the necessary funds to meet the demand made upon him and his fellow prisoner, whom he left, together with an only daughter, as hostages. He failed, however, in making his appearance at the appointed time, and the Khan at once ordered his daughter to be put up for sale in the market as a slave, and the man in durance to be beaten to death, both which mandates were scrupulously enforced. So much for the Khan of Khelat, our Ally? As for Mirdhul Khan he appears to be not much better than his cousin, the present ruler. Were our government at all wise, there would not be any delay incurred in despatching a small detachment of troops to protect the working party of the Mekran Telegraph Line, which is the real cause of the disaffection now prevailing among the Chieftains of Khelat and its dependencies. All the Mountaineers, who appeared to be so peacefully engaged in pastoral and agricultural pursuits in the low lands of Sind, even those at the Mulleer, are hurrying back to their mountain fastnesses, true to their natural instincts, and to that latent propensity for war, rapine, and pillage, with which all of them are more or less, strongly embued. We very much fear the effects of this outbreak will be felt throughout our Afghan frontier, and unto all the good that has been done by our Political Officers for the last ten years. Had Quetta been garrisoned by a force of four or five thousand men, as was suggested both by Sir Bartle Frere, and the late General Jacob in 1857, we should have been in a far more commanding position than that held by us in Jacobabad.—*Our Paper, Kurrachee, March* 31.

PUNJAUB.

WE hear that the locusts have made great devastation in the Dhera Doon, and a letter from Nynee Tal mentions that the valley was filled with them, and the lake covered with their corpses.—*Lahore Chronicle, March* 28.

THE Commander-in-Chief, has expressed an opinion that Lohoo Ghat is a far superior locality as a station for European soldiers, to Nynee Tal, which he quite condemns.

His Excellency was at Mussoorie on the 20th instant, having previously visited Roorkee and Hurdwar.—*Id.*

IF Mr. C. H. Kerr was the writer, as is alleged, of the scandalous letters concerning the Officers of the Bengal Commissariat, printed in London and widely circulated in India, Government has done quite right in dismissing him summarily from his appointment of Assistant to the Commissary General on Rs. 700 per mensem.—*Id.*

CEYLON.

SUMMARY.

(*From the Colombo Observer, March* 30.)

Our last summary, written on the 17th instant, contained bright anticipations of the large quantities of coffee to be shipped during the coming fortnight. These anticipations have been but very partially realized, so far as the actual returns are concerned; but we believe there is at present an unusual number of vessels in the harbour loading, and nearly filled, with our staple. We have still therefore to look forward to the future for the appearance of our bumper crop at the shipping port. Transport is now apparently more regular and the flow of coffee into our Colombo stores from the Central Province, if not extraor linary, is at least steady and continuous, keeping all concerned in its preparation exceedingly busy. There can be no doubt, that this season's out-turn will show a large balance over any other previously.

The prospects of the coming coffee crop are exceedingly good; blossoms have come and gone very satisfactorily: and what with the present high prices, and the low exports likely to be afforded by Brazil and Java, our planters are expecting a continued run of prosperity. —The weather during the fortnight has continued favourable, although interrupted now and again by thunder-storms and down-pours of rain. The opinion is strong that we shall have no regular South-west monsoon this year any more than in 1862:—and that these premonitory symptoms indicate a very gradual setting in, instead of the usual burst.—The following table contains the fortnightly summary of the shipments of coffee:

		Plantation.	*Native.*	*Total.*
7 Ships for London, with:—	cwts.	33,567	7,99	41,566
1 Bordeaux	"	1,787	4,944	6,731
Total 8 Ships with	"	35,354	12,943	48,927
Total to 25th March 1863	"	267,987	116,783	384,770
do. do. 1862	"	273,894	94,751	268,553
		5,817 Decrease.	22,032 Increase.	16,215 Increase.

It will thus be seen that the total increase on last season, to date, is 16,215 cwts., an advance of 11,000 on our last statement. This is so far satisfactory, but show expect the figures to show greater discrepancy as follows. The distribution of our crop shipped, is seen as follows:

DISTRIBUTION OF COFFEE CROP EXPORTED FROM CEYLON, FROM 1ST OCTOBER TO 25TH MARCH 1863.

Places.	*Plantation.*	*Native.*	*Total.*
LONDON	Cwt. 253,768	87,4	341,622
FALMOUTH "	296	5,904	6,200
GIBRALTAR "	1,484	5,225	6,709
BORDEAUX "	3,446	6,257	9,703
BELLEISLE "	—	8,828	8,828
MELBOURNE "	4,239	1,303	5,542
SYDNEY "	1,155	166	1,321
ADELAIDE "	3,388	148	3,545
MAURITIUS "	2	1,097	1,097
Total	267,987	116,783	384,77

Since the above statement was made up, we find that the *Liberator* has cleared with a cargo of about 9,000 cwts. coffee of both kinds.

Among the subjects of general interest, the Railway occupies the most prominent point of attraction and attention; as it is sure to do more or less, until its completion four or five years hence. The organization of the officers required both by the Contractor and our Government, for the execution of this stupendous work is progressing rapidly. The later's staff of Engineers with Mr. Molesworth at their head, arrived by last Mail, and will of course at once, take up their duties so far as practicable. Some surprise has been felt at the number and expense of this staff, and in more than one quarter have remarks and comparisons been made, unfavourable to the wisdom and economy that placed so many 'drones' in the hive, as these gentlemen have, we hope unjustly, been termed. There is a general desire evinced, however, to permit operations go on quietly and without prejudgment, until it is seen how the system works and the various parts of the machine do their duty in supplying us with that great desideratum:—'the Iron Horse.' There can be but one opinion as to our Contractor's operations,—marked as they are, alike by energy and business-like management. Since our last, another cargo of 300 coolies have arrived from Bombay, and already we should say there are from 800 to 1,000 men engaged on the work. Besides this a third steamer with a living freight, was expected to leave Bombay, Saturday last. We have heard of Iron Bridges and Locomotives, being already shipped from England for this great work; and we believe the good ship *Severn* brings a first instalment.—In another column we have given currency to a rumour prevalent here, regarding the cost of additional land required, beyond what was calculated on by Government. The idea was that this might entail some £1,00,000 further expenses to Government for its purchase; but we are glad to say that information derived from a reliable quarter, plainly shows this to be an exaggerated statement,—and that a mere fraction of the above amount will be sufficient. The general feeling now is, "we must have a Railway at any cost"—and this is being driven into the public mind more and more as the scarcity of carts, and the rascality of drivers manifest themselves.

From the Railway, for which we have to *pay*,—we naturally turn to the "Pearl Fishery" from which we expect to draw very much of what is requisite to meet that demand. And we regret to say that so far as this year's Fishery is concerned, the result is likely to be much below, not only the anticipations, but also the estimate. Throughout our columns will be found various notices of the operations and prospects, together with the official Telegrams giving the return of each day's fishing. We append below a table showing the actual amount realized to date, and the sum £31,426 is £23,400 below the Government estimate. The Fishery may continue for a week or ten days yet, but not longer we should think: so that £40,000 may be taken as an outside figure for 1863's revenue from this source. [The above was written before the latest Telegrams were received and the figures filled in,—these show a considerable improvement, so that the result may be greater than we now state.]

Statement shewing the number of Oysters sold, the average price per 1,000, and the amount realized since the commencement of the Fishery:—

	No. of Oysters sold.	*Average per 1,000*	*Amount realized.*		
1863.		£ s. d.	£	s.	d.
March 9	173000	6 18 8	1200	2	0
10	231000	6 12 0	1525	8	0
11	192000	6 17 7	1320	16	0
12	108000	6 18 9	742	8	0
13	330000	5 12 0	1762	6	0
16	331000	5 14 0	1868	18	0
17	277400	7 12 7½	2076	2	0
18	414000	6 16 0	2818	16	0
19	698000	5 15 0	3725	8	0
20	991000	4 10 0	4459	10	0
23	178000	7 15 6	1394	10	0
25	149000	8 8 2	1233	8	0
26	113000	8 7 0	1941	16	0
27	298000	7 2 0	2083	6	0
28	703000	5 18 0	4157	10	0
Total...	5,186,000	6 18 5	31,310	4	0

Government statement gives the outturn to date at £31,426 19s. 5d.

The following is the substance of a letter from the scene of operations, connected with the conduct of the Pearl Fishery. It contains some interesting items of news and is dated "Selewatorre 25th March:—

"A case of small-pox was detected here the other day, which had been concealed for ten or twelve days previously:—the man was taken to a small-pox hospital, and the owner of the house (or rather *hut*,) a tindal of diving boat, was charged by the police with the concealment and fined £2, beside being likely to lose his *number*.

A serious robbery took place last night:—the victim is a Chetty, who washed about 30,000 Oysters yesterday—the whole being tied up in two bundles, which were taken away during the night. Great suspicions are entertained of the persons who assisted in washing; four of them are retained at the Police station, but all efforts to trace the property &c., have been unavailing. We had great showers of rain for some days back, but yesterday was dry. The health of the place is good, except a few cases of fever; nothing serious to complain of. Oysters brought in on the 23rd, were sold to-day at from 73 to 81 Rupees per thousand. 100 boats went out last night, the Oysters of this day appear good; the Divers' shares were sold for 84 to 100 rupees per 1000. Mr. Twynam very wisely put up the Government share just now which fetched from 81 to 83 rupees.—Half-past 5 p.m. quantity brought on shore is small yet the Divers do not complain."

COMMERCIAL.

The weather during the fortnight has continued rather unsettled, still not unfavourable for shippers, who have made fair progress in getting crop shipped off.—The ship *Henriette* has arrived from Glasgow with general cargo for this and Madras. The transactions in Cotton Goods have been limited during the fortnight, as most of the stocks of Grey Goods are now in the hand of the native dealers, and Importers are asking very high prices for what they have on hand. The demand for White Goods and for Prints is not very brisk, and not much business is being done in these.—The Plantation Coffee is now quoted at 14s. per bushel nominal, and the demand appears to have ceased.

Native Coffee, 51s. 6d. to 52s. per cwt., unpicked and undried in Colombo, and the article scarce.

Cocoanut Oil 32s. 6d. to 33s. per cwt. in Colombo without casks, and not abundant. At Cochin they quote Rs. 94 to Rs. 95 per Candy.

Tinnivelly Cotton, nominal at Rs. 238 to Rs. 240 per Candy.

FREIGHTS to London are now:—

For Cocoanut Oil	80s, to 85s.
" Coffee in Casks	90s.
" " " Bags	55s. to 60s.
" Cinnamon	75s.
" Ebony	40s.
" Coir Dholls & Plumbago	30s.
" Cotton, from Tuticorin	
Nominal	95s.

EXCHANGE on London, 6 months' sight:
Bank paper 4 per cent. Discount;
Credits and Document Bills 5½ to 6 per cent. Discount.
Colombo, 30th March, 1863.

THE PARSEES.

(*From the Friend of India, March* 26.)

THE Parsee community of India forms by no means the least distinguished portion of this empire in wealth, intelligence and enterprise. They are well known throughout the world and play no unimportant part in the commercial transactions of India. Strange to say, however, they have long occupied a position so anomalous in the State that, in point of fact, a comparison might well be drawn between it and one of practical outlawry in respect of civil status and some of the most important rights of property. Moreover since the year 1824, when the Charter constituting the late Bombay Supreme Court came into operation, the Parsees of the Mofussil and Parsees of the Presidency towns have not been subject to the same system of substantive law or enjoyed the same legal status. The former have throughout had law administered to them in accordance with such usages and customs, as the litigants were enabled from time to time to prove to the satisfaction of the adjudicating tribunal to be binding upon the Parsee community. The latter were held by the late Supreme Court to be excluded from the benefit of that clause in the Charter which provides that Mohammetans and Gentoos should, in all matters of contract, inheritance or succession, be generally guided by their own laws and usages. They were, therefore, subjected to English civil law in these three particulars, while in matters of marriage and divorce they have for some years been absolutely deprived of the benefit of all law.

Two different classes of evils have thence ensued. In the Mofussil the Parsees have been exposed to that fluctuation and uncertainty of decision which necessarily result from the attempt to follow unwritten usages, and to the not less serious misfortune of the constant speculative litigation which is thereby fostered. In the Presidency towns they have for more than a generation, in matters of contract, inheritance and succession, been subjected to a system of laws which is utterly opposed to their customs, habits and feelings, while during the last few years they have, as we said before, in matters matrimonial been practically without law. Efforts have not been wanting on their part to obtain redress for the misfortunes and anomalies of their position. Neither have the Government of Bombay been averse from entering upon the question, for they pressed the Parsees of Surat and Bombay as far back as the year 1818 to commit their customs to writing adopt a code of laws for themselves; "otherwise there will be no end to disputes and litigation among the body of your nation." For eight years nothing was done. In 1835 the eldest son of an intestate Parsee claimed, by virtue of the English law of primogeniture, to be declared sole heir to the real estate of his father. The Parsees of the Presidency towns took the alarm, and in 1837 an Act was passed which exempted the real estate of Parsees lying within the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court, from the English law of inheritance and succession in respect of the heir's rights in case of intestacy. The effect of this Act was to afford immediate relief in this one particular, but it gave a statutory recognition to the different relative legal status of the Parsees of the Presidency towns and of the Parsees of the Mofussil, and was not regarded as a satisfactory permanent settlement of their laws of inheritance and succession.

In 1838, as at the present hour, the Bombay Parsees accordingly sought to be protected from the operation first of the English Statute of Distribution in cases of intestacy by which, modified in their case by Act IX. of 1837, a third of the property of whatever description goes to the widow and the residue is equally divided among the children and their representatives; and secondly of the English common law relating to husband and wife, by virtue of which the wife loses all power of disposition over her property. Upon such points as these the feelings of any race, even when new to civilized life, are deep and fixed. Men's notions of property, of succession to property and of the relations between husband and wife in respect of property, form the groundwork on which their particular species of social and individual life rests. It is impossible to say how far the laws of property and the usages and customs connected with it mould and modify the genius, spirit and character of a race. In the language of Gibbon, the laws of a country form the most important portion of its history; nor can they be lightly touched, especially upon such home questions as we have alluded to, without stirring to their very depths the susceptibilities and happiness of a people. Usages which may have grown with the growth and ripened with the maturity of one nation, and become intimately connected with its happiness, may, if introduced amongst another perhaps equally gifted and cultivated, be productive of the utmost misfortune and unhappiness. In reference to the proposed concession to the Parsee wife of a power of disposal during her husband's lifetime over her separate property the Parsees themselves observe:—"We know that this is contrary to the law of England, but in our case it is absolutely necessary for the prevention of domestic contention and the numberless evils that would arise to families were it otherwise." They might probably say the same in reference to the results of the forcible introduction amongst them of English laws and usages in all matters of contract, inheritance and succession.

In the year 1856 the Privy Council came to a decision, practically denying to the late Supreme Court of Bombay the power to entertain a suit brought by a Parsee wife against her husband, for restitution of conjugal rights and for maintenance. Consequently, as regards the enforcement of the duties and obligations arising out of the marriage union, the Parsees of Bombay were absolutely *ex lege*, dependent solely on the awards of a *Punchayat*; a state of things necessarily detrimental to their domestic morals and habits, and which, it is hoped, will no longer exist under the constitution of the present High Court. Towards the end of 1861 the Bombay Government appointed a Commission to report upon the usages recognised as laws by the Parsee community in India, and the necessity of special legislation in connection with them. They found, on having entered upon evidence, that, as regards the question of inheritance, succession, and property as between husband and wife, all the objections of the Mofussil Parsees ranged themselves ultimately under three heads; first, objections to the right of females to inherit on death of male Parsees dying intestate; second, objections to the amount of the shares which the Bombay Parsees in their Draught Code of Laws proposed to allot to females as inheritresses; and third, objections to the proposed right of married women during the lives of their husbands to hold or dispose of separate property. These objections were all carefully investigated by the Commission, who have drawn up a memorandum of the alterations, additions and omissions which they suggest should be made in this Draught Code of Laws. And we hope that, before long, we may be able to congratulate the Parsee community of India, whether inhabiting the Presidency towns or the Mofussil, upon being at last subject to the operation of a well constructed Code of Laws, in which their usages and habits are respected, and their feelings as members of an ancient race are considered; as well as the Bombay Government upon having achieved one of the most beneficent difficult tasks which it could undertake to accomplish.

For Sale.

AUCTION SALE.—The Premises No. 8, on Bellasis Road, Byculla, known as RUSTOMJEE NOWROJEE'S STABLES, will be sold by Auction, at 5 o'clock P.M., on SATURDAY, the 11th day of April 1863.

૫ ૦ બજારું રૂપાર્ત મઝગાંવ વીધવા.

JEEVUNBAEE Executrix to the Estate of the late RUSTOMJEE NOWROJEE ADAMSON.

FOR SALE, on board the Ship *Earl Dalhousie*, a quantity of Prime Mess India Beef, Prime Mess Irish Pork, Preserved fresh Beef, Preserved Soup and Bouilli, Edward's Patent Preserved Potatoes, best American Flour in Barrels, and very superior Cork Butter. Apply to CAPTAIN CAMPBELL, on board.

Bombay, 2nd April 1863.

SALE OF NAVAL VICTUALLING STORES.—Prime Mess Beef and Pork, just arrived from England per *Pride of the Ocean*. Peas, Flour, Preserved Meat, Limejuice, and all Navy Victualling Stores, are for sale with the undersigned.

DADABHOY RUTTONJEE & Co.,
No. 6, Apollo Street.

FOR SALE.—EX-PALE OR YELLOW BAR Soap, at Rupees one per Bar.
McCOMBIE & WRIGHT.

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TO LETTER PRESS PRINTERS, AND OTHERS —FOR SALE.—
Brass Column and Heading Rules.
2,000 lbs. Small Pica, second-hand but in good condition.
INK, Red and Green.
For Terms, &c., apply to the Manager of *Bombay Gazette*.

FOR SALE.—THE BURLINGTON ALBUM, of Pianoforte, Vocal and Dance Music for 1863. Published by ROBERT COCKS & Co., publishers to Her Majesty and to the Emperor, Napoleon III.
Bombay Gazette Office.

FOR SALE.—A quantity of bran-new one two and three inch Pine Boards, at Rs. 10 per 100 superficial feet; and Beds, Dars, of all sizes 4 ft. per foot. Coir Matting, single and double, 60 by 63 fect. Price moderate, apply to SORABJEE RUTTONJEE & Co., 15, Apollo Street, Fort.

FOR SALE at G. BURSTALL & Co.'s Chinchpoogly, Yellow, white, and salt water bar soap, also scented Soap. Refined Cocoanut Oil, Tallow Oil, &c.
Tallow, Axle, and Cart Grease.
Roll Brimstone, Blasting Gunpowder, Refined Saltpetre.
Cotton Waste.
Tinned Lead Piping, Stop and Bib Brass Cocks.

ROSSELET & Co., have for sale, sound Claret, J. B. Ducaule ..... Rs. 18 per doz.
Claret, ditto ..... " 12 do.
Brandy, ditto ..... " 18 do.
Do. ditto ..... " 24 do.
Champagne, Moet and Chandon ..... " 34 do.
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COPPER PLATE PRESS FOR SALE.—A NEW IRON COPPER PLATE PRESS, with Heater, Jiger, Fronting, Blanketing, Ink, Frankfort Black, Strong and Middle Burnt Oil, Whitening, Dabber, Leather, and Canvas &c. For price, apply at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, Fort.

FOR SALE,—A really very cheap bargain. A MAGNIFICENT GRAND SQUARE PIANO FORTE in handsomely carved, and ornamented Solid Rosewood Case, built expressly for India—with the full compass of 7 octaves, and in touch and tone, everything the most fastedious taste could desire.

This instrument was purchased only a short time ago at one of the first manufacturing Houses in the UNITED STATES of America, and as the owner parts with it at a sacrifice only on account of not breaking up of his Establishment, this affords a capital opportunity for any gentleman wishing to secure a first class instrument at little more than half its prime cost.

For full particulars and to price, &c. apply to the undersigned
McCOMBIE & WRIGHT

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Bombay Gazette Office, Fort.

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METAL MART, Boree Bunder—
Cast Iron, Wrought Iron, and Lead Piping.
Stop Cocks, Bib Cocks, Steam Valves, and Indicators.
Ornamental Cast Iron Fountains.
Contractors,' Miners,' and Engineers' Tools.
Nails, Hinges, Woodscrews, Bolts, and Nuts.
Bar, Plate, and Sheet Iron.
Zinc Roofing, Roman, and Portland Cement.
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Ropes, Chains, Blocks.
"Milner's" Fire Proof Safes.
Weighing Machines for Carts, suitable for Entrance Gates of Public Works.
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WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
PRONOUNCED CONNOISSEURS TO BE THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE AND APPLICABLE TO EVERY VARIETY OF DISH.
Extract of a Letter from a Medical Gentlemen at Madras to his Brother at Worcester, May, 1851:—
"Tell Lea and Perrins that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome Sauce that is made.
CAUTION.
LEA AND PERRINS
Beg to caution the public against spurious imitations of their celebrated
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.
L. & P. have discovered that several of the Foreign Markets have been supplied with spurious imitations, the labels closely resembling those of the genuine Sauce, and in one or more instances the names of L. & P. *forged*.
L. & P. will proceed against any one who may manufacture or vend such imitations, and have instructed their correspondents in the various parts of the world to advise them of an infringement of their rights.
Ask for Lea and Perrins' Sauce.
*** Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester; Messrs. Crosse and Blackwell; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c. &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

[From 22nd December 1862, and until further notice.]

TIME TABLE,

SHOWING THE TIME ABOUT WHICH THE TRAINS MAY BE EXPECTED TO ARRIVE AT, AND DEPART FROM, THE SEVERAL STATIONS

NOTICE.—Bombay time is kept at all Stations on the Railway. The Doors of the Booking Offices will be closed five minutes earlier than the times mentioned in the following Tables, after which no person can be admitted. To insure personal Luggage being booked to be forwarded by Passenger Trains, it must be delivered at the Stations at least fifteen minutes earlier than the times mentioned.

DOWN TRAINS.

Distance Miles.	STATIONS.	Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
		A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.		P.M.
	BOMBAY ..... Dep.	9 0	9 0	7 45	8 0	2 30	5 25	5 35	8 45	10 0	...	2 30
24	Byculla ..... "	9 22	9 20	8 0	8 22	2 45	5 37	5 53	9 0	10 22	...	2 45
5½	Dadur ..... "	...	...	8 13	8 35	...	5 45	...	9 13	...	...	2 56
8	Mahim ..... Arr.	...	...	8 22	...	...	6 0	...	9 22	...	...	3 10
91	COORLA ..... Dep.	9 45	9 38	...	8 50	...	...	6 14	...	10 45	...	...
15½	Bhandoop ..... "	...	...	...	9 15	...	...	6 38	...	11 12	...	...
23½	Tannah ..... "	10 27	10 10	...	9 33	3 31	...	7 10	...	11 30	...	...
33½	CALLIAN ..... Arr.	11 5	10 43	...	10 10	4 5	...	8 0	...	12 5	...	...
	CALLIAN ..... Dep.	...	10 55	...	10 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
40	Titwalla ..... "	...	11 20	...	10 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
49½	Wassind ..... "	...	11 50	...	11 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
55½	Shapoor ..... "	...	12 3	...	11 35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
66½	Khurdee ..... "	...	12 45	...	12 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
75	KUSSARAH ..... Arr.	...	1 20	...	12 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

THULL GHAUT 11¼ MILES.

	EGUTTOORA ... Dep.	...	6 30	...	P.M. 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
90½	Nandore ..... "	...	7 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
106½	Deolalee for Nassick ... "	...	8 10	...	7 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
126	Niphar ..... "	...	9 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
136½	Lassulgaum ... "	...	9 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
152	Mummar ..... "	...	10 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
167½	Nandgaum ..... "	...	11 45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
193½	Chalisgaum ... "	...	1 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
205½	Kujgaum ..... "	...	2 35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
221½	Pachora ..... "	...	3 35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
231½	Myjee ..... "	...	4 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
237½	Mussawud ..... "	...	4 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
250½	JULGAUM ..... Arr.	...	5 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	CALLIAN ..... Dep.	A.M. 11 12	P.M. 10 50	...	...	4 10	...	...	...	...	...	...
41½	Budlapoor ..... "	11 40	11 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
53½	Narel ..... "	12 23	12 0	...	...	5 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
62½	Dyolee ..... "	12 42	12 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
71	CAMPOOLEE ... Arr.	1 15	12 45	...	...	5 50	...	...	...	...	...	...

BHORE GHAUT 6 MILES.

Miles.	STATIONS.	Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
		P.M.	A.M.			P.M.						
	KHANDALLA .... Dep.	4 15	4 0	...	...	8 20	...	...	...	...	...	...
73½	Lanowlee ..... "	4 35	4 20	...	...	8 40	...	...	...	...	...	...
83	Kirkulla ..... "	5 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
91½	Tulligaum ..... "	5 32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
103	Kirkee ..... "	6 27	6 15	...	...	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...
112½	POONA ..... Arr.	6 40	6 25	...	...	10 20	...	...	...	...	...	...
	POONA ..... Dep.	...	7 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
130½	Ooroolee ..... "	...	8 27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
140½	Kheirgaum ... "	...	9 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
152½	Patus ..... "	...	9 42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
177	Decksal ..... "	...	11 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
188½	Poomulwaree ... "	...	11 40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
206½	Jehwoor ..... "	...	12 38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
216½	Keim ..... "	...	1 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
227½	Barsee Road... "	...	1 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
237½	Mursheh ..... "	...	2 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
255½	Mohol ..... "	...	3 25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
276½	SHOLAPORE ... Arr.	...	4 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE.—The 2-30 P.M. Train from Bombay will stop at Dadur on Saturdays only.

UP TRAINS.

Distance Miles.	STATIONS.	Wk. days & Sundays	Wk. days & Sundays	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Week days only	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.	Sundays only.
		Noon.										
	SHOLAPORE ..... Dep.	12 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
20½	Mohol ..... "	1 28	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	Marheh ..... "	2 26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
48½	Barsee Road ... "	3 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
60	Keim ..... "	3 26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
70	Jehwoor ..... "	4 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
87½	Poomulwaree ... "	5 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
99½	Decksal ..... "	5 49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
123½	Patus ..... "	7 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
130	Kheirgaum ... "	7 27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
146	Oorooloe ..... "	8 20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
163½	POONA ..... Arr.	9 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	POONA ..... Dep.	P.M. 9 50	A.M. 9 0	2 30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...